

*CORE DATA ELEMENT OR CODE

U.S. E.P. JPERFUND PROGRAM CERCLIS SITE 1: JRMATION FORM (SIF)

ENFORCEMENT SENSITIVE FOR INTERNAL US.

ORMATION

(CSC ONLY)

ACTION:

SFUND RECORDS CTR

•	*SITE NAME: PACI *EPA ID NO: CATO ALIAS NAME(S): _	00617407 FMS SI	ITE/SPILL	88175667	, отн	S/I RF IER REG CO	M-OSC NAM	E/PHONE: _ E/PHONE: _					٠.
	*STREET: SAN PAB *CITY: HERCULES *COUNTY: CONTRA *STATE: CA *ZIP: 94547								*LONGITU	DE: 38/01/ UDE: 122/16 RCE: R URACY: _	6/10.0		
į	CONGRESSIONAL D *COUNTY CODE: 01 *SMSA: 7360 USGS HYDRO UNIT	3							*RCRA F/ NO FUR* DIOXIN	ACILITY FLA ACILITY FLA THER ACTION TIER: AME SOURCE:	AG: _ N FLAG: N		_
	AGGREGATE CASE B AGGREGATE FUND OF *SITE/INCIDENT A	BLIGATIONS: TBD								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	en en en		
	*SITE CLASSIFICA (NG) FUND LEAD (FE) FEDERAL EI (RP) VOLUNTARY	/NEGOT	>	(SN)	FUND LEAD/ STATE NON- LIMITED TI	FUND	GOTIATION		(SF)	STATE ENFO STATE/FUND NO DETERMI	D	EFAULT)	

ANY QUESTIONS? CALL CSC CERCLIS STAFF

ENFORCEMENT SENSITI FORMATION FOR INTERNAL US. ALY

*SITE NAME: PACIFIC REFINING CO *EPA ID NO: CATOOO617407 FMS SITE/SPILL ID: 09	S/I RPM-OSC NAME/PHONE:	
*ENTRY NPL/STATUS INDICATOR: N	*PROPOSED NPL UPDATE NO: *	
(S) PRE-PROPOSAL TO NPL (P) SITE CURRENTLY PROPOSED FOR THE NPL (R) SITE REMOVED FROM THE PROPOSED NPL (F) SITE CURRENTLY ON THE NPL	(D) SITE DELETED FROM NPL (N) SITE IS NOT CURRENTLY NOR WAS FORMERLY ON TH (O) NON SITE: A SITE/INCIDENT WHICH WILL NOT COU IN STATISTICAL REPORTS	E PROPOSED OR FINAL NPL NT IN THE INVENTORY OR
*SITE CATEGORY: _		
(A) ABANDONED (D) DIOXIN (H) HOUSING AREA/FARM (L) LANDFILL (O) OTHER (T) MINES/TAILING	(B) CHEM. PLANT/IND REF (F) FEDERAL FACILITY (I) IND. WASTE TREATMENT (M) MANUFACTURING PLANT (P) PURE LAGOONS (V) WATERWAYS/CREEKS/RIVERS	(C) CITY CONTAMINATION (G) GROUND WATER (J) INORGANIC WASTE (N) MILITARY RELATED (R) RADIOACTIVE SITE (W) WELLS
*OWNERSHIP INDICATOR: UN		
(PR) PRIVATELY OWNED (FF) FED: OWNED (ST) STATE OWNED	(CO) COUNTY OWNED (DI) DISTRICT OWNED (MN) MUNICIPALITY OWNED	(IL) INDIAN LANDS (MX) MIXED OWNERSHIP (OH) OTHER (UN) UNKNOWN
TINCIDENT TIPE: (FOR REMOVAL USC 5 ONLT)		
(O) OIL SPILL OCCURING AT A LOCATION NOT PRE (N) SPILL (OTHER THAN OIL) OR OTHER REMOVAL	EVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS A CERCLIS SITE AT A LOCATION NOT PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS ACERCLIS	SITE
		•
*CORE DATA ELEMENT OR CODE ANY QU	JESTIONS? CALL CSC CERCLIS STAFF	ACTION:(CSC ONLY)

SITE, LDENT COMMENTS (SIC)

U.S. E.P. JPERFUND PROGRAM CERCLIS SITE 1m JRMATION FORM (SIF)

ENFORCEMENT SENSITI FOR FOR INTERNAL US. ALY

FORMATION

*SITE NAME: PACIFIC REFINING CO

*EPA ID NO: CATO00617407 FMS SITE/SPILL ID: 09

S/I RPM-OSC NAME/PHONE: _______

CSC COMMENT GROUP LINE USE TYPE NUMBER NUMBER *COMMENT 001 01 PA (80/06/16) INDICATES HIGH APPARENT SERIOUSNESS OF PROBLEM 02 AND 03 SITE INSPECTION NECESSARY

*CORE DATA ELEMENT OR CODE

ANY QUESTIONS? CALL CSC CERCLIS STAFF

ACTION: ____(CSC ONLY)

REGIG. UTILITIES (RUT)

U.S. E.P., PERFUND PROGRAM CERCLIS SITE IN JRMATION FORM (SIF)

ENFORCEMENT SENSITI\
FOR INTERNAL US.

ORMATION

EPA I	NAME: PACIF D NO: CATOO	IC REFINING CO 0617407 FMS SITE/SPILL	ID: 09			NAME/PHONE:			·/(<u>_</u>)
SC SE L	REGIONAL JTILITY COD	· E	DESCRIPTION			DATE 1 MM/DD/YY	DATE 2		FREE FIELD
	HSCA01	ACIDS				// //	//	· .	
	HSC001	OILY WASTES				// //	//		
	HSCS01	SOLVENTS				// //	//		
	HSC301	OTHER: ALUMINUM SLUDGE,	REACTIVE WASTES			// //	//		
	OPDS01	IMPOUNDMENT				// //	// ₋	· 	
·	9EV101	NEEDS ACTION				06/16/80) // // _		
	9RCR01	RCRA (MAJOR) REGULATED SEE NOTIFS PART A FIL	:GENERATOR, TSD FAC	CILITY (NO	N HANDLER)	. // //	//		
- -	90LD01	PRE 9/82 PA				11 11	//		

*CORE DATA ELEMENT OR CODE

ENFORCEMENT SENSITI\
FOR INTERNAL USL

ORMATION

(CSC ONLY)

*SITE NAME: PA *EPA ID NO: CA	CIFIC REFINING T000617407 F	G CO MS SITE/SPILL ID: 09	S/I RPM-OSC ! OTHER REG CONTACT !	NAME/PHONE: _ NAME/PHONE: _	
		*OPERABLE UNIT NAME: S			
	·				
		*OPERABLE UNIT NAME: _			•
*OPERABLE UNIT	DESCRIPTION:				
*OPERABLE UNIT		*OPERABLE UNIT NAME:			
*OPERABLE UNIT	DESCRIPTION:				
					·
-	*FOR F	PREREMEDIAL AND REMOVAL EVENTS REMEDIAL EVENTS, ASSIGN OPERAB LLIAS LINK" LINKS AN OPERABLE	LE UNIT INDIICATORS BE	EGINNING WITH	01.

ANY QUESTIONS? CALL CSC CERCLIS STAFF

PRERE. AL INFORMATION (EVT/SVT/FIN) 11/22/88

2

PA2

U.S. E.P.A. 'ERFUND PROGRAM CERCLIS SITE INFORMATION FORM (SIF)

ENFORCEMENT SENSITIVE FOR INTERNAL L

11/21/88

ONLY

S/I RPM-OSC NAME/PHONE: _ EVENT REGIONAL CONTACT NAME/PHONE: _ *SITE NAME: PACIFIC REFINING CO *EPA ID NO: CATOOO617407 FMS SITE/SPILL ID: 09 OTHER REG CONTACT NAME/PHONE: *OP UNIT *OP UNIT NAME *EVENT *EVENT NAME SUBEVENT TYPE *SUBEVENT NAME PLAN *PLAN * ACTUAL PLAN *PLAN *ACTUAL TARGET SCAP NOTE LEAD (MM/DD/YY) (MM/DD/YY) (FY/Q) (MM/DD/YY) (FY/Q) (MM/DD/YY) SITE EVAL/DISP 00 DS1 DISCVRY 1 09/01/79 PAI 06/01/80



0462-0006

&EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE IDENTIFICATION AND PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

11

REGION

SITE NUMBER (to be aseigned by Hg)

10032

NOTE: This form is completed for each potential hazardous waste site to help set priorities for site inspection. The information submitted on this form is based on available records and may be updated on subsequent forms as a result of additional inquiries and on-site inspections.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Complete Sections I and III through X as completely as possible before Section II (Preliminary Assessment). File this form in the Regional Hazardous Waste Log File and submit a copy to: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Site Tracking System; Hazardous Waste Enforcement Task Force (EN-335); 401 M St., SW; Washington, DC 20460.					
	I. SITE IDE	TIFICATION	·		
A. SITE NAME			other identifier)	san P	ablo Ave.
Pacific Resigna	G	P.O. BOX	68 Huc	11/10	CA 94547
C. CITY		D. STATE	E. ZIP CODE	F. COUN	ITY NAME
H-exculses.		CA	94547	Lon	tra Costa
G. OWNER/OPERATOR (II known)				2. TELE	PHONE NUMBER
Same				no	ne
H. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP				· · · · · · · · ·	
1. FEDERAL 2. STATE	3 COUNTY 4 MUNIC	CIPAL 5	PRIVATE6	пикиоми	
I. SITE DESCRIPTION					
2					
J. HOW IDENTIFIED (100., citizen's comp.	3 surface imp	oundmen	ts		<u> </u>
J. HOW IDENTIFIED (1点。, citizen's comp.	laints, OSHA citations, etc.)			•	K. DATE IDENTIFIED (mo., day, & yr.)
WOCB # 6					9-79
L. PRINCIPAL STATE CONTACT					PHONE NUMBER
ALQCB #6 San	Language Rome	P. 100		(415)	464-1255
	PRELIMINARY ASSESSME	NT complete t	his section last)	1(1/3)	767.14
1. HIGH 2. MEDIUM	EM 3. LOW 4 NONE	5	пикиоми		
B. RECOMMENDATION	-				
1. NO ACTION NEEDED (no hazard)			DIATE SITE INSPEC		
3. SITE INSPECTION NEEDED a. TENTATIVELY SCHEDULED F	OR:	b. WILI	L BE PERFORMED	BY.	
b. WILL BE PERFORMED BY:			·		
		4. SITE	INSPECTION NEED	ED (low pr	iority)
		•			
C. PREPARER INFORMATION 1. NAME		(2. TELF	PHONE NUMBER		3. DA FE (mo., day, & yr.)
		i		,	
Barbara Fontes			426-9544		lieno 16, 1980
	III. SITE IN	FORMATION			
A. SITE STATUS 1. ACTIVE (Those industrial or municipal sites which are being used for waste treatment, storage, or disposal on a continuing basis, even if infrequently.)	2. INACTIVE (Those sites which no longer receive wastes.)	(Those sites t	R (specify): hat include such ind continuing use of the	cidenta like e site for w	o "midnight dumping" where aste disposal has occurred.)
B. IS GENERATOR ON SITE?					
☐ 1. NO	Z. YES (specify gene	retor's four—dig	it SIC Code).		
C. AREA OF SITE (in acree)	D. IF APPARENT SERIOUSN	ESS OF SITE IS	HIGH, SPECIFY C	OORDINAT	ES
	1. LATITUDE (degminsee		2. LONGIT		

T2070-2 (10-79)

___ 1. NO

E. ARE THERE BUILDINGS ON THE SITE?

2. YES (epecify):

Continue On Reverse

EPA Form T2070-2 (10-79)

_		1,0
	~~	\mathbf{N}
	-	JΔ

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE LOG

SITE NUMBER

10032

NOTE: The initial identification of a potential site or incident should not be interpreted as a finding of illegal activity or confirmation that an actual health or environmental threat exists. All identified sites will be assessed under the EPA's Hazardous Waste Site Enforcement and Response System to determine if a hazardous waste problem actually exists.

Pacific Refining Co.		. •			
Hercules		STATE		94547	
summary of potential or known problem oil refinery with	3 31	uface impound	ments		
ITÉM /	DATE OF DETERMIN- ATION OR COMPLE- TION	RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATIO OR INDIVIDUAL (EPA, State, Contractor, Other	EN	ITRY	DATE ENTERED ON LOG (mo.day,yr)
1. IDENTIFICATION OF POTENTIAL PROBLEM	9/79	Wqe8 # 6			
2. PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT					
APPARENT SERIOUSNESS OF PROBLEM:	ніся	MEDIUMLOW	NONE UN		
3. SITE INSPECTION					
4. (Check appropriate item(s) below)					
a. NO ACTION NEEDED					
b. INVESTIGATIVE ACTION NEEDED					
c. REMEDIAL ACTION NEEDED					
d. ENFORCEMENT ACTION NEEDED				l	
5. EPA FINAL STRATEGY DETERMINATION (check appropriate item(a) below)			.		
a. NO ACTION NEEDED					
5. REMEDIAL ACTION NEEDED			-		
C. REMEDIAL ACTION NEEDED BUT,					
d. ENFORCEMENT ACTION NEEDED					
(1) CASE DEVELOPMENT PLAN PREPARED					
(2) ENFORCEMENT CASE FILED OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER ISSUED					
6. STRATEGY COMPLETED				_ .	

EPA Form T2070-1 (10-79)





ICF TECHNOLOGY INCORPORATED

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Paul La Courreye, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

FROM:

Charles K. So, ICF Technology, Incorporated

DATE:

November 4, 1988

SUBJECT:

Completed Work

THROUGH:

Patty Cook, Ecology and Environment, Incorporated

COPY:

Marcia Brooks, Ecology and Environment, Incorporated

This list is f	for the attached completed:	
	PA(s)	200
	PA Review(s)	May 11.17
	PA Reassessment(s)	
1	Reevaluation(s)	

Site Name

EPA I.D.#

<u>City</u>

Recommendation

State Lead

Pacific Refining Company CAT000617407

Hercules, California **NFRAP**

RWQCB

EVT-> A, PAZ, N,S, 11/18/88 SI1 > V,N

_



ICF TECHNOLOGY INCORPORATED

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Paul La Courreye, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Region IX, Site Screening Coordinator

FROM:

Charles K. So, ICF Technology, Incorporated

DATE:

November 4, 1988

SUBJECT:

Reevaluation of Pacific Refining Company, Hercules, Contra Costa

County, California

TDD#:

F9-8809-044

EPA ID#:

CAT000617407

THROUGH:

Sandy Szabat, Ecology and Environment, Incorporated

COPY:

FIT Master File

Patty Cook, Ecology and Environment, Incorporated Don Plain, California Department of Health Services

Roger James, California Regional Water Quality Control Board,

San Francisco Bay Region

Romena Jonas, Jacobs Engineering

Introduction

Under Technical Directive Document number F9-8709-019, Ecology and Environment, Inc.'s Field Investigation Team (FIT) was tasked to reassess all Preliminary Assessments (PAs) in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) with "active" or "pending" status according to guidelines established to implement the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA). During the course of this reassessment process, PAs were identified that contained insufficient information to allow an accurate reassessment. FIT has been subsequently directed to reevaluate and upgrade these PAs as necessary to allow an accurate response determination to be made.

The strategy for determination of further action under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) is based solely on each site's potential to achieve a score high enough on the Hazard Ranking System (HRS) for inclusion on the National Priorities List (NPL). This strategy is intended to identify those sites posing the highest relative risk to human health or the environment. All other sites needing remedial or enforcement follow-up will be referred to the States or an appropriate Federal agency.

This site was evaluated primarily using the original HRS model. Additionally, this site was also evaluated for its potential to score using the draft revised HRS model. The following is a summary of FIT's findings with regard to this site.

Summary

Pacific Refining Company has operated since 1976 a refinery in the City of Hercules, Contra Costa County, California (Longitude: 122/16/10; Latitude: 38/01/25) (6). Gasoline, diesel fuel, distillate oils, propane and butane gases are produced from raw crude oil on site. The facility currently contains a wastewater treatment system which consists of a number of tanks and a biological treatment pond. The exact number and the types of tanks are not indicated in the available file information. Wastes generated from on-site operations include heat exchanger bundle cleaning and oil/water separator sludges and tank bottoms containing lead (1). The total estimated quantity of these wastes generated is 540 tons per year (6). The waste sludges are temporarily stored in tanks and are eventually transported off to a permitted Class I disposal site. Information regarding the names of the transporter and the disposal location is not available. Treated wastewater is discharged directly into San Pablo Bay under an NPDES permit (1).

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region (RWQCB) identified the refinery as a potential hazardous waste site in September 1979 because of information indicated that on-site surface impoundments might exist. Since 1979, RWQCB has performed inspections at the facility under the NPDES requirements and noted violations including maintaining adequate pH and toxicity levels of the effluent from the wastewater treatment pond in one of the site visits. Pacific Refining Company is presently self-monitoring the wastewater discharge at the refinery under the supervision of RWQCB. The refinery is listed in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act database as a large quantity generator (2).

Lying beneath the site is primarily clay loam soil (3). Ground water is found as high as 5 feet below ground surface. Due to salt water intrusion, the ground water in the Hercules area is brackish and non-potable. Municipal drinking water supply for the City of Hercules comes from the East Bay Municipal Utility District, which obtains potable surface water from the distant Mokelumne watershed (4, 5). Located less than 1,000 feet west of the site is San Pablo Bay. Beneficial uses of the bay include water contact and non-contact recreation, fish migration and spawning, wildlife habitat, preservation of rare and endangered species, commercial fishing (4). The surface water body is not used for drinking or irrigation water supply.

Recommendations

1) <u>EPA</u>

Based on a preliminary screening of the HRS factors, the site does not appear to be eligible for inclusion on the National Priorities List for the following reasons:

- o zero ground-water target population; and
- o low surface water target population.

Therefore, FIT recommends no further action under CERCLA at the Pacific Refining Company site.

2) State or Other Agency

Copies of this reevaluation will be sent to the California Department of Health Services and the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region for consideration.

EPA Concurrence	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Date</u>
No Further Action Under CERCLA High Priority SSI	gne	11.12.88
Medium Priority SSI		

References

- 1. Ricks, S.D., Refinery Manager, Pacific Refining Company to Philip L. Bobel, Chief of Waste Programs Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX. Letter, January 6, 1986.
- 2. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act database, dated June 21, 1988.
- 3. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. Soil Survey of Contra Costa County, California.
- Dreessen, Richard, S., ICF Technology, Incorporated. <u>Preliminary Assessment of Hercules Powder Company, Hercules, California</u>, June 4, 1987.
- East Bay Municipal Utility District. <u>Urban Water Management Plan.</u> November 1985.
- 6. Pacific Refining Company. Hazardous Waste Permit Application, EPA Form 3510-3. November 19, 1980.

*******CONFIDENTIAL****PRE-DECISIONAL DOCUMENT*****

SITE REEVALUATION WORKSHEET

Site Name:

Pacific Refining Company

EPA ID No.:

CAT000617407 F9-8809-044

City: County: Hercules, California Contra Costa County

Site Evaluator:

Charles K. So, ICF Technology, Incorporated

Date:

November 4, 1988

POTENTIAL RELEASES

[X]	Ground Water
[X] [X]	Surface Water
ÌÌ	Air
[]	On-site/Direct Contact

SCORING SCENARIOS	Best Case	Worst Case
GROUND-WATER ROUTE SCORE (Sgw)=	0	4.90
SURFACE WATER ROUTE SCORE (Sw) =	2.57	20.36
AIR ROUTE SCORE (Sa) =	0	0
TOTAL SCORE (Sm) =	1.49	12.11

NEW HRS MODEL CONSIDERATIONS

GROUND-WATER ROUTE: There will not be any major changes in the score of this route.

SURFACE WATER ROUTE: An increase in the target distance to fifteen miles downstream from the probable point of entry of any contaminants from the site might increase the target population, thereby potentially increasing the score of this route.

AIR ROUTE: There is no information indicating that an observed release or a potential for unregulated release of hazardous substances into the atmosphere exists at the site.

ON-SITE ROUTE: Access to the site is restricted; therefore, an on-site exposure risk is low.

******CONFIDENTIAL****PRE-DECISIONAL DOCUMENT*****

GROUND-WATER-ROUTE-WORKSHEET

•	Best Case	Worst Case	Ref.	Conf.
1 OBSERVED RELEASE		0		K
2 ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS		•		
DEPTH TO AQUIFER OF CONCERN (x2)	6:	6		K
NET PRECIPITATION				<u>K</u>
PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED ZONE	1	_1		<u>_K</u>
PHYSICAL STATE	3	3		K
ROUTE CHARACT. SCORE =	_12	12		<u>K</u>
3 CONTAINMENT	1	3	_1_	
4 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS:		•		
TOXICITY/PERSISTENCE	18	18		<u>K</u>
HAZARDOUS WASTE QUANTITY	5	8	_2_	3_
WASTE CHARACT. SCORE =				3_
5 TARGETS:				
GROUND-WATER USE (x3)	0	3	3	1_
DISTANCE TO NEAREST WELL /POPULATION SERVED	0	0		<u>K</u>
TOTAL TARGETS SCORE =	0	3		1_
GROUND-WATER ROUTE SCORE =	0	4.90		_1_

*******CONFIDENTIAL****PRE-DECISIONAL DOCUMENT****** SURFACE WATER ROUTE WORKSHEET

	Best Case	Worst Case	Ref.	Conf.
1 OBSERVED RELEASE	0			<u>K</u>
2 ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS				
FACILITY SLOPE AND INTERVENING TERRAIN	1	3	_4_	_2
1-yr., 24-hr. RAINFALL				<u>K</u>
DISTANCE TO NEAREST SURFACE WATER (x2)	6	6		_ <u>K</u>
PHYSICAL STATE	3	3		<u>K</u>
ROUTE CHARACT. SCORE =	12	14		2_
3 CONTAINMENT	1	3	_1_	2_
4 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS:				
TOXICITY/PERSISTENCE	18	18		<u>K</u>
HAZARDOUS WASTE QUANTITY	5	8		3_
WASTE CHARACT. SCORE =	23	26		3_
<u>5 TARGETS</u> :				
SURFACE WATER USE (x3)	6	6		<u>K</u>
DISTANCE TO A SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENT (x2)	0	6	5	3_
POPULATION SERVED/ DISTANCE TO DOWNSTREAM WATER INTAKE	0	0		К_
TOTAL TARGETS SCORE =	6	12		3_
SURFACE WATER ROUTE SCORE =	2.57	20,36		

*******CONFIDENTIAL****PRE-DECISIONAL DOCUMENT****** AIR ROUTE WORK SHEET

	Best Case	Worst Case	Ref.	Conf.
•	best Case	worst Case	Rei.	Com.
1 OBSERVED RELEASE	0	0		<u>_K</u>
DATE AND LOCATION:				
2 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS:				
REACTIVITY AND				
INCOMPATIBILITY				
TOXICITY (x3)				
HAZARDOUS WASTE				
QUANTITY				
WASTE CHARACT. SCORE =				
3 TARGETS:				
				
POPULATION WITHIN 4 MILES				
DISTANCE TO SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENT (x2)				
, ,			-	
LAND USE				
TOTAL TARGETS SCORE =				
AIR ROUTE SCORE =	0	0		K

Rationale

- 1. Assume for the worst case since containment systems on site are not known.
- 2. For the best case, use one year quantity; for the worst case, multiply the annual quantity generated by the number of operating years which is approximately 12 years.
- 3. Assume that ground water might be used for industrial water supply.
- 4. Assume for the worst case since information on facility slope and terrains not available.
- 5. Assume that habitats of federally designated endangered species might be found along San Pablo Bay.

CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT	राजस्यात् <i>विकास</i> ्यास्य स्टास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्रास्ट्र	Brit di Kossissis in January in American	Carrier de la carrier de	
**//s. SIC COOES (4-o-glt, in order of priority),	ىدىرى بالموردة الماري المارية المارية المارية الموردة	A Marson of Allin	B. SECOND	
A. FIRST		(specify)	H. SECOND	
Petroleum Refining	7	19		
C. THIRD	· <u></u>	1 Venesion	D. FOURTH	
(specify)	7	(specify)		
VIII. OPERATOR INFORMATION				
P	. NAME			B. Is the name listed in Item VIII-A also the
Pacific Refining C	ompany ,			owner? YES NO
1.7 1.6	B a A			66 123 140
C. STATUS OF OPERATOR (Enter the appropriate letter		ther", specify.)		area code & no.)
F = FEDERAL M = PUBLIC (other than federal or state S = STATE O = OTHER (specify)	e) P (specify)		A 4 1 5 7	9 9 6 6 0 0
P = PRIVATE E, STREET OR P.O. BOX			15 16 - 18 18	- 21 22 - 25
POBox 68	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
26		55		enananda da sasa sasah sasasasas
F. CITY OR TOWN	G.S	TATE H. ZIP CODE	IX. INDIAN LAND,	
BHercules	c	A 9, 4, 5, 4, 7	☐ YES	™ NO
(1)	المان ال 1 المان 0 م	95 93 - 21		المانية المانيانية المانيونية والمانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية
A. NPDES (Discharges to Surface Water) D. PSD	(Air Emissions from Propo	sed Sources)	and the second of the second s	
<u> </u>	111111			
15 15 17 18 - 30 15 16 17		30		·
B. UIC (Underground Injection of Fluids)	E. OTHER (specify)	(speci	fyl	
9 0 15 15 17 18 17 17	PLANT 32	I	AAΩMD PERMI	TS
C. RCRA (Hazardous Wastes)	E. OTHER (specify)			
981	PLANT 36	(speci)	N) AAQMD PERMI	TS
MARIA FO. AM		ater her same than to any behavioral thinks	أرحد أخلا سند فدماف أأمد بدع ولادمانه مناسدات هما	merkal timentalistications in the state of the same
Attach to unis application a topographic map of the area	extending to at least or	ne mile beyond prop	erty boundaries. T	he map must show
the outline of the facility, the location of each of its extreatment, storage, or disposal facilities, and each well				
water bodies in the map area. See instructions for precise		or a contract of the contract	o an opinigo, 110012	and outer barrage
XII. NATURE OF BUSINESS I F9: 4				
0/				
Petroleum Refining - Raw crude oil i	s processed into	gasoline, die	sel, fuel oil,	distillate
oils, propane and butane.				
		·		
		•		
· ·				
XIII. CERTIFICATION (see instructions)				
I certify under penalty of law that I have personally ex	amined and am familiar	with the informatio	n submitted in this	application and all
attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those application, I believe that the information is true, accu	persons immediately re rate and complete, I an	sponsible for obtain n aware that there a	ring the informatio are significant pena	n contained in the Ities for submitting
false information, including the possibility of fine and in	nprisonment.	des nadeusticas		
A. NAME & OFFICIAL TITLE (type or print)	B. SIGNATURE		C	DATE SIGNED
K.T. Palmer	1 127 14.0	Set Com		111/16
COMMENTS FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY				
5 Cl	and the second second second second second second	والمالة والمنافقة والمنافة والمنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة	gantaja mera teraptakena kanada	والمرابأ أسراك مدخله للمناطقة والمتلافة والمتلافة والمتلافة والمتلافة والمتلافة والمتلافة والمتلافة والمتلافة
EPA Form 3510-1 (6-80) REVERSE				7
EPA Form 3510-1 (6-80) REVERSE				

(fill -in areas are speced for elite t	ype, i.e., 12 characters,	inch).	NAME OF THE OWNER, WHEN THE PARTY OF THE OWNER, WHEN THE OWNER, WHEN THE OWNER, WHEN THE OWNER, WHEN THE OWNER,	Form Approved	d OMB No. 158-S80004
FORM SALESTAN	HAZ YU	S WASTE PERMI	TION AGENCY T APPLICATI	C. I FPA I.D. N	KUMBER
1 1 1 2 2 2	(Consolidated Pelmits Pri musinguined under 855	ogram	TO CATO	000617407
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	and the same of th	and the second second second second	وروريا ورويعة مجد ومطها مناهات كالمركباتية فأراء أأنا	The section of the season of the section of the section of	
APPRICATION DATE RECEIV			COW	MENTS	
II. FIRST OR REVISED API		المستخدمة والمراجعة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة المستخدمة	g yn gangaring mei wag vann av 1, 1,2 Landaria (Landin 1) Eddin aran a	and the party of the course of the state of	All in the same demonstrate of the same
revised application. If this is you EPA 1.0. Number in Item Labove	r first application and y e.	ou already know your f	acility's EPA I.D. N	is the first application you ar lumber, or if this is a revised	re submitting for your facility or a application, enter your facility's
A. FIRST APPLICATION (p)	lace an "X" below and p Y (See instructions for a Complete item below	lefinition of "existing"	date) facility.	/ 	ILITY (Complete item below) FOR NEW FACILITIES,
	OR EXISTING FACILI PERATION BEGAN OF use the boxes to the left,	TIES, PROVIDE THE E R THE DATE CONSTR)	DATE (yr., mo . & c UCTION COMME	ACED	PROVIDE THE DATE (yr., mo., & day) OPERA- TION BEGAN OR IS EXPECTED TO BEGIN
B. REVISED APPLICATION		nd complete Item I abo	ve)	73 74 75 76	Y HAS A RCRA PERMIT
II. PROCESSES - CODES		CITIES	المراجعة ال المراجعة المراجعة ال		the state of the s
A PROCESS CODE Enter the	code from the list of p	rocess codes below that	best describes each	process to be used at the fa	cility. Ten lines are provided for
entering codes. If more lines describe the process (including	are needed, enter the co	ide(s) in the space provide	ded. If a process w	ill be used that is not include	ed in the list of codes below, then
B. PROCESS DESIGN CAPACIT	ount.				
UNIT OF MEASURE — For measure used. Only the unit of the unit	or each amount entered	in column B(1), enter t listed below should be i	the code from the I used.	ist of unit measure codes hel	ow that describes the unit of
		IATE UNITS OF		PRO- CESS	APPROPRIATE UNITS OF MEASURE FOR PROCESS
PROCESS		N CAPACITY		CESS CODE	DESIGN CAPACITY
Stornge: CONTAINER (barrel, drum, etc		OR LITERS OR LITERS	Treatment:	T01	GALLONS PER DAY OR LITERS PER DAY
TARK WASTE PILE	S03 CUBIC YAR	RDS OR FERS	SURFACE IMPO	TO3	GALLONS PER DAY OR LITERS PER DAY TONS PER HOUR OR
SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT Disposal:	504 GALLONS	OR LITERS	INCINERATOR	103	METRIC TONS PER HOUR: GALLONS PER HOUR OR
INJECTION WELL	C30 ACRE-FEE	OR LITERS T (the volume that		physical, chemical, T04	LITERS PER HOUR GALLONS PER DAY OR LITERS PER DAY
	depth of on HECTARE-	METER	thermal or biology processes not occ surface impound	curring in takers, ments or inciner-	LITERS FER EAT
LAND APPLICATION OCEAN DISPOSAL		HECTARES PER DAY OR R DAY	ators. Describe t the space provide		
SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT	D83 GALLONS UNIT OF	OR LITERS	1101	T OF	UNIT OF
UNIT OF MEASURE	MEASURE CODE	UNIT OF MEASURE	MEA	SURE UNIT OF M	MEASURE
GALLONS	G	LITERS PER DAY .		. V ACRE-FEET	г
CUBIC YARDS	Y	TONS PER HOUR . METRIC TONS PER GALLONS PER HOU	HQUR	. W ACRES	METER
GALLONS PER DAY	0	LITERS PER HOUR		. н	ank can hold 200 gallons and the
other can hold 400 gallons. The	facility also has an incir	erator that can burn up	to 20 gallons per l	nour.	
Č DUP	7/1	/ / / / /			
E A. PRO- B. PROCE	SS DESIGN CAPAC	ITY	MA. PRO-	B. PROCESS DESIG	
CESS		2 UNIT OFFICIAL	H CESS	1. AMOUNT	2. UNIT OFFICIAL
The second control of	AMOUNT specify)	SURE USE (enter ONLY code)	IN CODI.	1. AMOUNT	SURE USE (enter ONLY code)
76 . 18 19		25 25 1	16 - 18 1		27 23 21 3-
X-1 S O 2 6	500		5 T 0 4	300,000	0 0
X-2 T 0 3	20		6		
1 5 0 4 187,0	000		7		
2 5 0 2 12,6	500	G	8		
3 704	50	ן	9		
4 <u>r 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </u>	140	U 20 29 - 7	10	2	27 (2) 122 - 32
EPA Form 3510-3 (6-80)	27	The state of the s	1055		CONTINUE ON REVERSE

Continued from the front PROCESSES (continued)

DESCRIBING OTHER PROCESSES (code

104 - Gravity oil/water separator. See III B, Line #3.

104 - Biological Treatment Pond. See III B, Line #5.

DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS WASTES

FACE FOR ADDITIONAL PROCESS CODES OF

- mode nazardous wastes which are not listed in 40 CFR, Subpart D, enter the four-digit number(s) from 40 CFR, Subpart C that describes the characterisas and/or the toxic contaminants of those hazardous wastes.
- 3. ESTIMATED ANNUAL QUANTITY For each listed waste entered in column A estimate the quantity of that waste that will be handled on an annual basis. For each characteristic or toxic contaminant entered in column A estimate the total annual quantity of all the non-listed waste(s) that will be handled which possess that characteristic or contaminant.
- the UNIT OF MEASURE For each quantity entered in column B enter the unit of measure code. Units of measure which must be used and the appropriate Lodes are:

ENGLISH UNIT OF MEASURE	CODE	METRIC UNIT OF MEASURE	CODE
POUNDS	, . Р	KILOGRAMS	ĸ
TONS	T	METRIC TONS	. , M

If facility records use any other unit of measure for quantity, the units of measure must be converted into one of the required units of measure taking into arount the appropriate density or specific gravity of the waste.

D. PROCESSES

- PROCESS CODES:
 - For listed hazardous waste: For each listed hazardous waste entered in column A select the code(s) from the list of process codes contained in Item III to indicate how the waste will be stored, treated, and/or disposed of at the facility.

For non-listed hazardous wastes: For each characteristic or toxic contaminant entered in column A, select the code(s) from the list of process codes contained in Item III to indicate all the processes that will be used to store, treat, and/or dispose of all the non-listed hazardous wastes that possess that characteristic or toxic contaminant.

Note: Four spaces are provided for entering process codes. If more are needed: (1) Enter the first three as described above; (2) Enter "000" in the extreme right box of Item IV-D(1); and (3) Enter in the space provided on page 4, the line number and the additional code(s).

- 2. PROCESS DESCRIPTION: If a code is not listed for a process that will be used, describe the process in the space provided on the form.
- **OTE: HAZARDOUS WASTES DESCRIBED BY MORE THAN ONE EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER Hazardous wastes that can be described by fore than one EPA Hazardous Waste Number shall be described on the form as follows:
 - 1. Selectione of the EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers and enter it in column A. On the same line complete columns B,C, and D by estimating the total annual quantity of the waste and describing all the processes to be used to treat, store, and/or dispose of the waste.
 - In column A of the next line enter the other EPA Hazardous Waste Number that can be used to describe the waste. In column D(2) on that line enter "included with above" and make no other entries on that line.
 - Repeat step 2 for each other EPA Hazardous Waste Number that can be used to describe the hazardous waste.

FAMPLE FOR COMPLETING ITEM IV (shown in line numbers X-1, X-2, X-3, and X-4 below) — A facility will treat and dispose of an astimated 900 pounds war of chrome shavings from leather tanning and finishing operation. In addition, the facility will treat and dispose of three non-listed wastes. Two wastes accuracy corrosive only and there will be an estimated 200 pounds per year of each waste. The other waste is corrosive and ignitable and there will be an estimated frequency per year of that waste. Treatment will be in an incinerator and disposal will be in a landfill.

-:	A. EPA		C.I	UNI					_								D. PROCESSES
	HAZARD. WASTENO (inter code)	B. ESTIMATED ANNUAL QUANTITY OF WASTE	SI (e	JRE n ter	-			1.	44		ent		ODE	s			2. PROCESS DESCRIPTION (if a code is not entered in D(1))
Y. 4 }	K 0 5 4	900		P		T	0.	3 1	D	8	0	1	1		Т	1	
X-2	D o o 2	400		P		T^{i}	0	3	D	8	0		-1	1	T		
in di	0001	100		P		T	0	3 1	D	8	0	,				····	
	D 0 0 2					1	7		7			1	•		1		included with above

The state of the s

OR EACH PROCESS ENTERED HERE

Continued from page 2.

NOTE: Photosopy this page before completing you have more than 26 wastes to list. Form Approved OMB No. 158-\$80004 FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY EPA I.D. NUMBER (enter from page 1) DUP 7 W 0 4 0 7 DUP IV. DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS WASTES (continued) C. UNIT OF MEA-SURE (enter code) D. PROCESSES A EPA HAZARD. WASTENO (enter code) B. ESTIMATED ANNUAL QUANTITY OF WASTE 2. PROCESS DESCRIPTION (if a code is not entered in D(1)) 1. PROCESS CODES (enter) Т S-0-4 D 0 0 2 340 S 0 2 K 0 4 8 230 3 K 0 5 1 82 Т 0 4 K 0 4 8 230 Т Т 0 1 5 图 0 0 3 Spill Potential \mathbf{T} \mathbf{T} 0 4 T04 - Refer to Line #3, III Only 6 4|9|Spill Potential 0 0 4 T 0 1 S 0 2 т 0 4 T04 - Refer to Line Nos. 3 Only III B. 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 : : 25 26

EPA Form 3510-3 (6-80)

PAGE 4 OF 5

CONTINUE ON PAGE

CONTINUE ON REVERSE

IX. DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS WASTES

EPA Form 8700-12 (6-80)

Please go to the reverse of this form and provide the requested information.

. •.							~4
					1.D FOR O	FFICIAL USE ONLY	J
					w	7/4/0	1
,					1 2	- 13 14 1	1
IX. DES	CRIPTION OF I	HAZARDOUS WASTI	S (continued from)	(ront)	The state of the s	a a tradition of the same of the same of	1
A. HAZA waste	RDOUS WASTES from non-specific	FROM NON—SPECIFIC sources your installation	SOURCES. Enter the fl handles. Use additiona	four—digit number from Il sheets if necessary.	40 CFR Part 261.31 fo	or each listed hazardous	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1
							1
	23 - 26	23 - 26	23 26	23 - 76	23 - 25	23 - 26	
	7	8	9	10	11	12	0
							DETA
	23 76	23 - 25	23 - 25	23 - 26	23 26	23 - 26	ή
B. HAZA	RDOUS WASTES	FROM SPECIFIC SOUR	CES. Enter the four-d	igit number from 40 CF	R Part 261.32 for each	listed hazardous waste from	2
specifi	c industrial sources	your installation handles	. Use additional sheets	if necessary.			4
	13	14	15	16	17	18	ļ
	K 0 4 8	K 0 4 9	k 0 5 0	K 0 5 1	K 0 5 2		
	23 26	23 - 26	23 25	23 - 26	23 - 26	23 - 26	
	19	20	21	22	. 23	24	
	23 26	23 - 26	27 26	28	29	30	
	25	26					
C CORAR	AEDCIAL CHEMIC	23 - 26	OUS WASTES Enter	the four-digit number	from 40 CER Part 261	33 for each chemical sub-	1
stance	your installation h	andles which may be a ha	zardous waste. Use add	ditional sheets if necessa	ry.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	31	32	33	34	35	36	1
	23 26	23 25	23	23 26	23 - 26	23 26	
	37	38	39	40	41	42	
	23 - 26	23 - 25	23 - 26	23 26	23 - 26	23 - 26	1
	43	44	45	46	47	48	
	{						
	23 - 26	23 - 25	27 - 26	23 - 26	23 - 26	23 25	-
		ASTES. Enter the four- earch laboratories your in				e from hospitals, veterinary	
	49	50	51	52	53	54	
E CHAD	23 - 26	NON-LISTED HAZAR	DOLIS MASTES Mark	23 · · 26	ponding to the charact	printing of populistad	1
hazard	lous wastes your in:	stallation handles. (See 4	0 CFR Parts 261.21 —	261.24.)	sponding to the charact	· ·	
	1. IGNITAE		2. CORROSIVE	3. REAC	T.W.	П4. тохіс	
	(D001)	(00		(D003)		(D000)	
X. CER	TIFICATION						
		of law that I have r	arrangly argmined	and am familiar with	the information of	bmitted in this and all	130
						aining the information,	2
I belier	ve that the subm	itted information is t	rue, accurate, and c	omplete. I am aware		ficant penalties for sub-	A
mitting	jaise informatio	n, including the possib	ouity of fine and imp	orisonment.			_
SIGNAT	JRE /		NAME & OFF	ICIAL TITLE (type or)	orint)	DATE SIGNED	
ند	- Palace	.,					
1	アーアーレビータウィイ		K.T. P	ALMER, Vice	President	2/17/81	

EPA Form 8700-12 (6-80) REVERSE

POTENTIAL HI ROOUS WASTE SITE IDENTIFICATIO X 10032
NOTE: The initial identification of a potential site or incident should not be interpreted as a finding of illegal
activity or confirmation that an actual health or environmental threat exists. All identified sites will be assessed under the EPA's Hazardous Waste Site Enforcement and Response System to determine if
a hazardous waste problem actually exists.
A. SITE NAME B. STREET (or other identifier)
tacitic Retining Co. PO Box 60, Hercules Cq
Hercules Ca. 94547 Contra Costa
G. OWNER/OPERATOR (II known) 1. NAME 2. TELEPHONE NUMBER
Same None
H. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (it known) 1. FEDERAL 2. STATE 3. COUNTY 4. MUNICIPAL 5. PRIVATE 6. UNKNOWN
I. SITE DESCRIPTION
Oil Refinery with 3 surface impoundments
J. HOW IDENTIFIED (i.e., citizents complaints, OSHA citations, etc.) K. DATE IDENTIFIED (mo., day, 4 yr.) 9 79
L. SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL OR KNOWN PROBLEM
Toxic liquids and sludges
corrosive liquids and sludges
GOLLOZIAS MIS. 2. 1-3
•
·
·
·
M. PREPAREN INFORMATION
1. NAME AS 12. DATE (510 day, & 71.) (415) K5(-8068 6/19/80
1 WWW III
EPA Forge 2070-8 (5-80)

REGION SITE NUMBER

V. WASTE RELATED INFORMATION (continued)

3. LIST SUBSTANCES OF GREATEST CONCERN WHICH MAY BE ON THE SITE (place in decending order of heserd).

Chloridis MeTals acids

4. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS OR NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF SITUATION KNOWN OR REPORTED TO EXIST AT THE SITE.

		VI. HAZ	ARD DESCRIPTI	ON
A. TYPE OF HAZARD	B. POTEN- TIAL HAZARD (mark 'X')	C. ALLEGED INCIDENT (mark 'X')	D. DATE OF INCIDENT (mo.,day,yr.)	E. REMARKS
1. NO HAZARD				
2. HUMAN HEALTH		<u></u>		
8. NON-WORKER INJURY/EXPOSURE				
4. WORKER INJURY				
6. CONTAMINATION 6. OF WATER SUPPLY		1	į	
6. OF FOOD CHAIN				·
7. CONTAMINATION OF GROUND WATER				·
8. CONTAMINATION 8. OF SURFACE WATER	Υ			Surjace nation is apa 9 meters from site - run ou irom site
9. DAMAGE TO 9. FLORA/FAUNA				from site - rum of from site could contaminate while surface wall
10. FISH KILL		-		
11. CONTAMINATION				
12. NOTICEABLE ODORS				
18. CONTAMINATION OF BOIL				
14. PROPERTY DAMAGE				
15. FIRE OR EXPLOSION	X			
16. SPILLS/LEAKING CONTAINERS/ RUNOFF/STANDING LIQUIDS				
17. SEWER, STORM DRAIN PROBLEMS				
18. EROSION PROBLEMS				
19. INADEQUATE SECURITY				·
20. INCOMPATIBLE WASTES				
21. MIDNIGHT DUMPING		,		
2 2. OTHER (*peclfy):				Interceptor wells are within the area.

			VII. PERMIT INFO	RMATIO	N ·
A. INDICATE ALL APPLI	CABLE PER	MITS HELD BY	THE SITE.		
1. NPDES PERMIT 4. AIR PERMITS 7 RCRA STORER	5. LOC		3. STATE PERMIT		CA 0005094 and 2-78-48
10. OTHER (specify)			<u></u>		
B. IN COMPLIANCE?	2. NO	Ġ	3. UNKNOWN		
4. WITH RESPECT 1	O (list regul	ation name & num	ber):		
		VIII	. PAST REGULATO	RY ACTI	ONS
A. NONE	B. YE	S (summarıze bel	ow)		
	•	200	tnown		
		IX. INSP	ECTION ACTIVITY	(past or	on-going)
A NONE	☐ B. YES	(complete items	1,2,3, & 4 below)	<u>.</u>	Unknown
1. TYPE OF ACTIV	/!TY	2 DATE OF PAST ACTION (mo., day, & yr.)	3 PERFORMED BY (EPA/State)		4. DESCRIPTION ·
	· 				·
		X. RE	MEDIAL ACTIVITY	(past or	on-going)
A. NONE	B. YES	(complete items	1, 2, 3, & 4 below)		unkno wn
1. TYPE OF ACTIV	VITY	2. DATE OF PAST ACTION (mo., day, & yr.	3. PERFORMED BY: (EPA/State)		4. DESCRIPTION
•					
					•
		on in Sections page of this f		out the	Preliminary Assessment (Section II)

EPA Form T2070-2 (10-79)

PAGE 4 OF 4

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U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE DATA BASE UPDATED 85/02/28 T.1 - ERRIS TURNAROUND DOCUMENT

PAGE: 340 RUN DATE: 85/02/28 RUN TIME: 19:36:02

SITE DATA

REGION: 09

EPA ID NO.: CAT000617407 SHEET 01

(ACTION : *__* - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY)

REMEDIAL ACTION (RD)
REMOVAL ACTION (RV)

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER (AO)

JUDICIAL ACTION (JA)

ENFORCEMENT INVESTIGATION (EI) *___/__*

SF ID: ** **	SITE NAME:	PACIFIC REFINING CO	D			SOURCE:	s	SOURCE COUNT	rs:
** **	STREET:	SAN PABLO AVE	•		CONG	. DIST:	07	NOTIS:	0
NATL PRIORITY: N	CITY:	HERCULES		ST: CA	ZIP: '	94547	_	STS:	1
HRS: **	CNTY NAME:	CONTRA COSTA		CNTY CODE:	013			HWDMS:	0
HRS DATE (YY/MM): */*	LATITUDE:	38/01/25.0 LC	ONGITUDE: 12	2/16/10.0				COMPOSITE	: 0
RESPONSE TERMINATION (CHECK	ONE IF APPLI	CABLE): PENDING *	* NO FURTH	R ACTION *_	_*			OTHER:	0
ENF. DISP. (CHECK ANY THAT	APPLY): NO V	IABLE RESP. PARTY *	* VOL. RE	SP. **	ENF. RI	ESP. *	• cost	RECOV. **	
RSPO NAME: *	<u>·</u>	RSPO PHONE: *	*	FED. FAC. (Y/N):	N NO	ON-SITE:	**	
SMSA: 7360 USGS HYDRO	. UNIT: 180	50002 REG. FLD	1: **	REG. FLD2:	¥_		•		
SITE DESCRIPTION: *		•				_*			
						_ *			
*	- · <u>·</u>								
				-		_*			
						_* _*			
* * VENTS						_* _*			
*			DATE (YY/MM)		E	-		BY RTY OTHER	COUNTS
VENTS ***** (ACTION - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY) EVENT TYPE		DATE (YY/MM)	DATE (YY/M COMPLETED	E	-			COUNTS
VENTS ***** (ACTION - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY) EVENT TYPE		DATE (YY/MM) STARTED	DATE (YY/M COMPLETED	E:	PA STATE	E RESP/PA		COUNTS

W

ENFORCE.

EVENTS

REGION: 09

U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE DATA BASE UPDATED 85/02/28 T.1 - ERRIS TURNAROUND DOCUMENT

PAGE: 341 RUN DATE: 85/02/28 RUN TIME: 19:36:02

EPA ID NO.: CAT000617407 SHEET 02

SITE NAME: PACIFIC REFINING CO
ALIAS AND ALIAS LOCATION DATA ***********************************
ALIAS (ACTION ** - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY)
SEQ. NO.: ** ALIAS NAME: ** SOURCE: **
ALIAS LOCATION (ACTION ** - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY)
CONTIGUOUS PORTION OF SITE: **
STREET: ** CONG. DIST.: **
CITY: ** ST: ** ZIP: **
CNTY NAME: ** CNTY CODE: **
LAT: */* LONG.: */ * SMSA: ** USGS HYDRO. UNIT: **
ALIAS (ACTION ** - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY)
SEQ. NO.: ** ALIAS NAME: ** SOURCE: **
ALIAS LOCATION (ACTION * * - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY)
CONTIGUOUS PORTION OF SITE: * *
STREET: ** CONG. DIST.: **
CITY: ** ST: ** ZIP: **
CNTY NAME: ** CNTY CODE: **
IAT: * / / . * LONG.: * / / . * SMSA: * * USGS HYDRO, UNIT: * *

8 8

REGION: 09

U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE DATA BASE UPDATED 85/02/28 T.1 - ERRIS TURNAROUND DOCUMENT

PAGE: 342 RUN DATE: 85/02/28 RUN TIME: 19:36:02

EPA ID NO.: CAT000617407 SHEET 03

SITE NAME: PACIFIC REFINING CO

SITE COMMENTS

(ACTION - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY)	COMMENT NUMBER	COMMENT
**	001	PA (80/06/16) INDICATES HIGH APPARENT SERIOUSNESS OF PROBLEM AND
**	002	SITE INSPECTION NECESSARY
**	**	**
**	**	**
**	**	**
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**	**	**
* *	* *	*

REGION: 09

U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE DATA BASE UPDATED 85/02/28 T.1 - ERRIS TURNAROUND DOCUMENT

PAGE: 343 RUN DATE: 85/02/28 RUN TIME: 19:36:02

EPA ID NO.: CAT000617407 SHEET 04

SITE NAME: PACIFIC REFINING CO

REGIONAL ENTRIES

(ACTION - FOR DATA ENTRY USE ONLY)	ENTRY CODE	DESCRIPTION DATE1 DATE2 DATE3 FREE FIELD (YY/MM/DD) (YY/MM/DD) (YY/MM/DD)
_	HSCA.01	ACIDS *//_* *//_* **
_	HSC0.01	OILY WASTES *//* **
* <u>_</u> *	HSCS.01	SOLVENTS *//* **
**	HSC3.01	OTHER:ALUMINUM SLUDGE, REACTIVE WASTES *//* *//* **
_	OPDS.01	IMPOUNDMENT
**	9CA1.01	NORTH *//* **
**	9EV1.01	NEEDS ACTION 80/ 06/ 16 */* **
* _*	9RCR.01	RCRA (MAJOR) REGULATED:GENERATOR, TSD FACILITY (NON HANDLER) SEE NOTIF & PART A FILE *//* */***
**	**	** **
_	**	* <u>**</u> *
**	**	** **
_	**	** **
**	**	** ****
**	**	** *

Hercules California 94547

TECHNOLOGY DOCUMENT SOURCE A PROBABLY REGIONAL WATER DOHS RWOCB X **CITHER**" DATE 10/19/88

August 14, 1987

TABLETY CONTROL BOARD

155 17 1987

Ms. Laura Hughes California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Franicsco Bay Region 1111 Jackson Street, Room 6040 Oakland, CA 94607

SPCC Plan for Pacific Refinery

Dear Ms. Hughes:

As requested, please find attached a copy of Pacific Refining Company's Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) for the Hercules Refinery. I have also enclosed the "Table of Contents" section from our much larger "Oil Spill Contingency Plan" which is periodically revised and updated. This document is available for on-site review at the refinery during normal working hours, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. through Friday.

If you need any additional information, please give me a call. Sincerely,

PACIFIC REFINING COMPANY

C. Alan Wheeler

Process Engineering Manager

CAW/11w

Attachment

SPILL CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN

FOR

PACIFIC REFINING COMPANY

HERCULES REFINERY

GENERAL INFORMATION

Facility

Name:

Pacific Refining Company, Hercules Refinery

Type:

Onshore Refining Facility

Location:

City of Hercules in Contra Costa County, California:

San Pablo Avenue near Rodeo

Age:

Refinery was constructed in 1966-67

Operator

Name:

Pacific Refining Company

Address:

P.O. Box 68, Hercules, California 94547

Phone:

(415) 799-8000

Material Stored in Facility

: SQVT:

Crude oil, fuel oil, middle distillate, gasoline, propane,

I so which the whole is to his the Court

butane

Designated Person Accountable for Oil Soill Prevention at Facility

Name:

S. A. Kalota

Title:

Operations Manager

FACILITY DRAINAGE

Drainage from Diked Storage

Drainage from diked storage areas is restrained by valves to prevent a spill or other excessive leakage of oil into the drainage system or inplant effluent treatment system. Diked areas may be emptied by portable pumps which are manually activated and the condition of the accumulation is examined before starting to be sure no oil will be discharged. Valves used for drainage are of the manual, open-and-closed design. Each valve is secured by a chain and padlock. Keys are retained by the foreman who has administrative control over use of these valves.

All storage tanks are diked. (Feedstocks and products)

Drainage from Undiked Areas

Drainage from undiked areas flows into a catchment basin (with weir and straw filter) designed to collect and retain any oil in contaminated runoff. All implant ditches drain into this basin. Collected oil is easily recovered if a discharge happens to occur.

Drainage of Rainwater from Secondary Containment

Rainwater drained from secondary containment is not directed into an open watercourse. It is directed into a catchment basin (with weir and straw filter) or a closed catchment basin and is monitored for compliance with applicable water quality standards before being discharged to San Pablo Bay.

A regard of inspection and draining events is not considered necessary since draining does not limitally enter in open water-course.

SECURITY

Entrance

The refinery property is fully fenced and entrance gates are locked and/or guarded 24 hours a day. Identification badges are necessary for admittance to the facility.

Operating Controls

Valves which permit direct outward flow of a tank's contents are blankflanged when in non-operating status.

Starter controls on all oil pumps in non-operating or standby status are located at sites accessible only to refinery personnel.

Lighting

Plant processing units, storage tanks, piping, drainage systems and waste treatment units are all well lighted. Any oil discharge occurring during hours of darkness can be discovered by operating personnel.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD



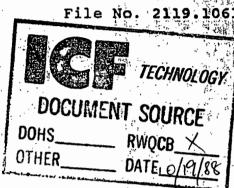
SAN FRANCISCO BAY REGION 1111 JACKSON STREET, ROOM 6040 OAKLAND 94607

February 2, 1987

File No. 2119.1061 (LAH)

Mr. S.D. Ricks Vice President Pacific Refining Company P.O. Box 68 Hercules, California 94547

Dear Mr. Ricks:



Attached is a copy of Pacific Refining's Self-Monitoring Program (SMP) as adopted by the Board at the January 21, 1987 Board Meeting. At this meeting we informed the Board of your request for a 30-day extension in order to comment on the proposed stormwater allocation method. In addition, staff proposed to bring this item for Board adoption at the March 18th Board Meeting. Please submit your comments no later than February 18, 1987.

Staff will also propose for Board adoption at the March 18th Board Meeting to further amend your SMP to include the new Part A and Standard Provisions. This Part A and Standard Provisions were recently adopted by the Board at the December 17, 1986 Board Meeting. Attached is a copy of this Part A and Standard Provisions for your review and comment. Please submit your comments no later than February 18, 1987.

If you have any questions or require additional information please contact Laura Hughes at (415) 464-4264.

Sincerely

RØGER B/JAMES Executive Officer

MILLY BY WAR ATTENT

c: Alan Wheeler, Senior Engineer Pacific Refining

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN FRANCISCO BAY REGION

6

AMENDED
SELF- MONITORING PROGRAM
FOR

PACIF	IC REFINING COMPANY	
<u> </u>		'
HEREU	T.ES.	
	**************************************	٠
·	A COSTA COUNTY	
- CNT	A CISTA CONTRACT	

NPDES NO. <u>CA 0005096</u> ORDER NO. 85-30

PART B. dated January 1978

AND

PART B

PART B

I. DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLING STATIONS

A. EFFLUENT

Station

Description

E-001

At any point in the outfall from the treatment facilities between the point of discharge and the point at which all waste tributary to that cutfall is present.

E-001-D

At any point in the disinfection facilities for Waste E-001, at which point all sewage tributary there to is present and adequate contact with the disinfectant is assured. (May be the same as E-001).

E-002

At any point in the bypass at which all waste tributary to that outfall is present.

E-003

At any point in the bypass at which all waste tributary to that outfall is present.

B. RECEIVING WATERS

Station

Description

C-A-0

Background station, 100 feet upstream of diffuser section.

C-A-1

10 feet downstream of center port.

C-A-2

60 feet downstream of center port.

C-A-3

120 feet downstream of center port.

C-R-1

At a point in San Pablo Bay, located approximately 3000 feet northeasterly from the geometric center of the diffuser system for Outfall 001.

C-R-2

At a point in San Pablo Bay, located approximately 3000 feet westerly from the geometric center of the diffuser system for Outfall 001.

II. MISCELLANEOUS REPORTING

- A. The discharger shall record the rainfall on each day of the month.
- B. The discharger will be allowed to continue using its present stormwater runoff/ballast water allocation method until the Executive Officer or the Board adopts Board staff proposed method or an equivalent bankbook method. A description of the method presently used by the discharger shall be included in its self-monitoring reports. The daily maximum allocation must be computed for each day Waste OOl is monitored.
- C. The discharger shall retain and submit (when required) the following information concerning the monitoring program for organic and metallic pollutants.
 - a. Description of sample stations, times, and procedures.
 - b. Description of sample containers, storage, and holding time prior to analysis.
 - c. Quality assurance procedures together with any test results for replicate samples, sample blanks, and any quality assurance tests, and the recovery percentages for the internal and surrogate standards.
- D. The discharger shall submit in the monthly selfmonitoring report the metallic & organic test
 results together with the detection limits
 (including unidentified peaks). All unidentified
 (non-Priority Pollutants) peaks detected in the EPA
 624 and 625 test methods shall be identified and
 semi-quantified. Hydrocarbons detected at < 10 ug/l
 based on the nearest internal standard may be
 appropriately grouped and identified together
 as aliphatic hydrocarbons, aromatic hydrocarbons,
 and unsaturated hydrocarbons. All other
 hydrocarbons detected at >10 ug/l based on the
 nearest internal standard shall be identified and
 semi-quantified.

Note that you may submit your metallic monitoring results in your regular self-monitoring reports or in a separate report within thirty days of the end of each month, as long as you indicate in your regular monthly monitoring report that the metals results will be reported in this separate report.

increase with the first form of the state of the property of

E. Ballast water treated and discharged as part of Waste 001 shall be metered and the volume recorded in the self-monitoring report for each calendar day. The 30-day average shall be the sum of the daily values in a calendar month divided by the number of days in that month. Ballast-water allocations shall be calculated by multiplying the volume of ballast water, determined above by the appropriate concentration listed under Effluent Limitation A.2. in the permit.

III. SCHEDULE OF SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

- A. The schedule of sampling and analysis shall be that given in Table 1 (attached).
- B. Sample collection, storage, and analysis shall be performed according to the latest 40 CFR Part 136 or other methods approved and specified by the Executive Officer of this Regional Board.

IV. MODIFICATIONS TO PART A

Exclude paragraph E.4.

- I, Roger B. James, Executive Officer, hereby certify that the foregoing Self-Monitoring Program:
 - 1. Has been developed in accordance with the procedure set forth in this Regional Board's Resolution No.73-16 in order to obtain data and document compliance with waste discharge requirements established in Regional Board Order No.85-30.
 - 2. Is effective on the date shown below.
 - 3. May be reviewed at any time subsequent to the effective date upon written notice from the Executive Officer or request from the discharger and revisions will be ordered by the Executive Officer or Regional Board.

ROGER B. JAMES

EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Attachments:

Table 1 Form A Effective Date FEBEURE 5,1987

TECHNOLOGY P.O. Box 68
Hercules, California 94547

415/799-6600

DOCUMENT SOURCE

DATE! O

January 6, 1986

Certified P-535-253-038

Return Receipt Requested

Mr. Philip L. Bobel Chief, Waste Programs Branch U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 9 215 Fremont Street San Francisco, CA 94105

TORAGE LONGINGS THE STAND!

RE: Report of Sampling/Analysis Results for Sediment in Biological Treatment Lagoon at Pacific Refining Company

Dear Mr. Bobel:

The enclosed submittal is the project report summarizing the results of the approved sampling/analysis program specified in our letters of 4/23/85 and 5/31/85. As you know, this program was recently undertaken at Pacific Refining Company's wastewater biological treatment lagoon to characterize the bottom sediment deposits with regard to the RCRA definintion of "hazardous waste". As explained earlier, this biological lagoon receives wastewater which has already undergone API oil/water gravity separation and flocculation/air floatation. It also receives a small amount of pre-treated sanitary waste. The refinery effluent wastewater undergoes aggressive biological treatment in this lagoon as the final treatment step prior to discharge to San Pablo Bay. The data summarized in Tables 1 and 2 supports Pacific's contention that this wastewater treatment lagoon should not be subject to regulation as a hazardous waste surface impoundment. The eight specific additional information items requested in attachment "A" of your 10/30/85 letter are provided in the following sequentially by item number.

ATTACHMENT "A" - ITEMS REQUESTED

Item 1

A tabular summary of the test results is shown in Table 1 for the parameters pertinent to RCRA regulation. This data shows the sediment to be far below the regulatory limits which are also presented in the table for pH, ignitability, and EP toxicity. The average sulfide concentration was also well under the proposed regulation level, but bears some additional discussion.

This impoundment is expressly exempt from California regulation since it constitutes a biological process, the discharge of which is subject to a permit issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. Nevertheless, testing for "CAM" metals was also performed on an eight location composite to alleviate any potential concerns regarding the California exemption. The results of the CAM total metals analysis and CAM WET extraction results are shown in Table 2, along with the California TTLC and STLC regulatory limits. This also confirms that toxic metals concentrations, as defined in California, are far below regulation thresholds. The report sheets provided by Brown and Caldwell Laboratories are also attached for your information:

Since two of the eight sulfide results obtained were above the proposed limit of 500 mg/kg, a rigorous statistical analysis was performed to predict the proper conclusion which should be drawn regarding the total pond contents sludge charactéristics. The average of all data points analyzed was 364 mg/kg sulfide, which is well below the proposed limit. Further evaluation of the data showed an abnormal data distribution, which would result in rejection of both high data points as "outliers" when subjected to the "Dixon Criterion"(1) for a 90% confidence interval. Figure 1 shows the statistical analysis parameters without these two data points. The important statistical values, the mean of 157 mg/kg and a confidence interval of 224.8 are far below the limit. Please note that in Figure 2 the same statistical analysis is performed excluding just the highest outlier data point with results of a 230 mg/kg mean and a confidence interval of 349.7, again well below the regulatory level.

Items 2, 3, 4

The sampling and analysis program was implemented as outlined in detail in our letters of 4/23/85 and 5/31/85, except as noted in the attached letter of 12/31/85 sent to us by Reed Larson, the Field Services Coordinator of Brown and Caldwell Laboratories. Brown and Caldwell Laboratories performed the required analyses and Mr. Larson also participated in the actual sampling. The chain of custody records and sampling apparatus details are included in his report.

⁽¹⁾ Dixon Criterion "as presented in the National Bureau of Standards, "Quality Assurance of Chemical Measurements", 1984, page III-32

Item 5 o

Although previous notification of treatment storage and disposal activities was originally filed as a protective measure for Pacific's wastewater treatment facilities, it has been our opinion that Pacific does not properly fall into that category. The water treatment facility and its discharge is subject to an NPDES permit issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. As best we can determine based on interpretive guidance documents available to us at this time, Pacific does not manage listed RCRA hazardous waste (as defined in 40 CFR Part 261, Subpart D) in its operation at the Hercules Refinery other than as a generator with an on-site storage period of less than 90 days.

Item 6 - Management of Listed Hazardous Waste from Specific Sources (Section 261.31)

(K048), DAF float is generated in a "tank unit" during the final flocculation step ahead of the biological treatment lagoon. DAF float is skimmed to a trough and flows through a steel pipe to tank 837 (capacity 12,600 gal.) where it is stored less than 90 days before removal for off-site disposal at a Class 1 permitted facility.

(K049), Slop oil emulsion solids are generated periodically whenever a slop oil tank is cleaned. The slop oil removed from the wastewater flow in the API separator units is collected in a tank and returned to the refinery process units for reprocessing. The solids from a tank cleaning operation would be disposed directly to a Class 1 facility.

(KO50), Heat exchanger bundle cleaning sludge is also generated only infrequently whenever this cleaning operation occurs. Bundle cleaning is accomplished with a water jet in a cement lined cleaning pad area. Water and exchanger solids flow to a dedicated (above ground) rectangular tank where settling of the solids occurs. The water is removed and treated in the wastewater facilities, the solids are then removed to a Class 1 disposal site.

(K051), API separator sludge which settles on the API tank bottoms is continuously scraped toward the inlet end by chain driven scraper bars. This accumulation is removed by vacuum truck on a routine basis from the integral hopper-accumulator in the south end. This sludge is then either taken directly to a Class 1 dumpsite or added to the contents of Tank 837 (with K048) depending on the quantity and water content.

(KO52), Leaded tank bottoms are generated only infrequently when a leaded gasoline tank is cleaned to accomplish repair or to change service. Whenever this would occur, the tank bottoms would be taken directly to a Class 1 facility for treatment and disposal.

Based on observations by refinery personnel, the dewatering operations which may occur on DAF float and/or API separator sludge and heat exchanger sludge for waste volume reduction are closely controlled to prevent inclusion of listed hazardous waste in the wastewater returned to the API separator. Similarly water incidentally removed with the oil skim from the APIs is returned to the API inlet.

Item 7

The wastewater treated at the Pacific Refinery is not and is not mixed with any of the hazardous waste from non-specific sources listed in Subpart D, 40 CFR, 261.31 (spent solvents and various sludges and baths) or discarded chemical products listed in Section 261.33. Should any such listed commercial chemical product used in processing or laboratory testing be found to be off specification and unusable, it would be properly disposed of at a Class 1 facility. To the extent that small quantities of certain Section 261.33 chemicals may be utilized in laboratory tests, this stream would still be exempted since the annualized average laboratory wastewater flow would not exceed 1% of the total effluent to the headworks of the wastewater treatment facilities.

From the enclosed information, and analyses previously submitted to the Department of Health Services (letter of 6/8/34) characterizing the DAF outlet water, we have concluded that both the wastewater entering Pacific's biological treatment pond and the bottom sediment accumulation are not "hazardous waste" under RCRA section 3001 regulation, and therefore, the biological treatment lagoon is not subject to RCRA section 3002 regulations in 40 CFR Part 265. If the EPA and DOHS concur with this conclusion, Pacific would submit a revised Part "A" application to reflect our proper status. Please advise us if any other specific forms or documents are required for such an admendment. If you have any questions or require any additional information, please contact me or Alan Wheeler at (415) 799-6600.

Item 8 c Certification

I certify that I am familiar with the information in this report; and to the best of my knowledge and belief, this information is true, complete, and accurate.

Very truly yours,

PACIFIC REFINING COMPANY

S. D. Ricks Refinery Manager

SDR/CAW/1w

Attachments

cc: Charlene Williams - DOHS-Berkeley Tom Mumley - CRWQCB-Oakland







Pacific Refining Company P O Box 68* Hercules, California 94547

COMM CN

May 12, 1981

MAY 18 10 44 AH 81

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region IX 215 Fremont Street San Francisco, CA 94105

RCRA Permit ID #CAT000617407

Gentlemen:

This letter is to amend Part III, Processes - Codes and Design Capacities, Form 3 of Part A - Hazardous Waste Permit Application (EPA Form 3510-3) which was transmitted as a part of Pacific Refining Company's original RCRA Permit Application dated November 18, 1980.

Please refer to Item 1, Part III of Form 3. A process code number of SO4 was listed along with a process design capacity of 187,000 gallons for a surface impoundment. After reviewing our operational practices and sampling analysis, we have concluded that this item listed is not a hazardous waste storage facility.

This surface impoundment is a concrete lined, caustic evaporation pond. We previously were concerned that at certain times this pond could receive alkaline waters which might exhibit the characteristic of corrosivity, having a pH equal to or greater than 12.5. A pH of 12.5 would make it a storage facility for a hazardous waste stream under RCRA Regulations, Section 261.22. Since filing the Part A Application in November of 1980, we have determined that this pond does not receive alkaline waters of 12.5 pH or greater and that no sludges are generated that would meet the criteria under Section 261.22.

We therefore request that Form 3 of the Part A Application be amended to exclude Item 1 of Part III.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please feel free to call Ray Harrington at 415 799-6600.

Sincerely

K. T. Palmer Vice President

Air.

RECORD OF COMMUNICATION PHONE CALL DISCUSSION FIELD TRIP CONFERENCE
To: Wallace Reid From: Troy Webb DATE 11/14/84
- works with Pat Shanks 2:300M
SUBJECT PEFINING SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION
SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION
Mr Webb called about the impoundments
downstream of API separators. He was
fishing for more information. He will
get a letter off to EPA very soon.
Dan,
! · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Prease file this
telephone REC in
- DM DGE
The PAC KET WE
CONCLUSIONS, ACTION TAKEN OR REQUIRED
INFORMATION COPIES TO: O C C / Refinery
TO O CI Refinery

FACIFIC REFLACES EPA HO ORM 83903 WHICH MAY BE USED UNTIL SUPPLY IS EXHAUSTED.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

714/744 P STREET SACRAMENTO, CA 95814

(916) 324-2429

1. Slove, T-3-2 2. Rel, T-2-2

November 13, 1984

Harry Seraydarian, Director Toxic & Waste Management Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 215 Fremont Street San Francisco, CA 94105

Dear Mr. Seraydarian:

RE: Pacific Refining

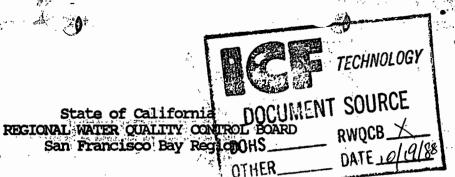
EPA in cooperation with the TSCD Berkeley staff has reviewed the above company's waste stream and jointly determine that the company is subject to our mutual regulatory programs. However, your agency has already catagorized this as a major facility, begun the Part B call in process and scheduled inspections.

.Very truly yours,

GILBERT A. JENSEN
Enforcement Coordinator

GAJ:slc

cc: Charlene Williams; Berkeley
Wallace Reid; EVA
Ms. Pat Shanks; McCutchen,
Doyle, Brown & Enersen



To: Michael D. Drennan

Section Leader

O

From: Laura A. Hughes

WRC Engineer

right margin -Control OR

Date: November 27, 1987

Subject: Inspection of Pacific Refinery, Hercules, Contra Costa County

On November 24, 1987, Laura Hughes of the Regional Board met with Mr. Alan Wheeler of Pacific Refinery to discuss recent pH and toxicity violations of their NPDES permit.

This memo describes the violations, the causes of the violations, corrective actions taken, and recommendations for enforcement

VIOLATIONS

On November 8, 1987, Pacific exceeded their effluent pH permit limit (5.2 versus 6.5-8.5) for about 1-1/2 hours.

During this month, Pacific also violated the toxicity requirement in their permit. The permit requires that the survival of threespine stickleback (Casterosteus aculeatus) and fathead minnow test fishes in 96 hour flow through bicassays shall achieve a 90 percentile value not less than 50 percent survival based on any ten consecutive samples. Pacific obtained a 90 percentile value of 30 and 0 percent survivals for threespine stickleback and fathead minnow respectively.

It should be noted that during this month, four out of the five stickleback flow through bloassay tests and two out of five fathead minnow flow through bloassay tests showed less than a 50 percent survival (See Attachment A for test results).

CAUSES OF THE VIOLATIONS

PH VIOLATIONS

On November 8, 1987 (Sunday), sometime between 6:00-8:00 am, the shift operator at this Refinery found that the automatic pH control system was not working adequately (this was confirmed through manual pH checks of the effluent that are normally performed by some operators to determine if the pH probe is working in a reliable manner) and since this operator is

75

neither trained to fix this type of probe nor trained to call up a vendor or a supervisor, he decided to control for pH manually (by taking pH samples of the effluent manually every two hours and then adjusting the caustic dosage rate when needed to maintain a pH in the range of 7.0 to 7.5 in the aeration tank). On this date, at about 11:00 pm, there was a change in shift operator and it appears that this operator was not informed of the manual pH control operation and let the pH effluent drop from 7 to 5 (at about midnight), he then checked the caustic addition system and found that the caustic addition pump was not operating properly (blockage in the line). He then manually switched to a second pump. It should be noted that if the automatic pH control system was working properly, this second pump is set on automatically as soon as the first pump fails.

TOXICITY VIOLATIONS

These violations appear to have been caused partly by 1) the pH drop that occurred in the activated sludge system on November 8)1987, and partly by 2) a malfuntion of the oxidizer unit upstream of the wastewater treatment plant.

The abrupt pH drop that occurred in the activated sludge system (in general pHs are maintained in the range of 6.5 and 7.5, the optimum pH range for growth) may have affected the microorganisms in the system to such an extent that biodegradation of organic compounds in the wastewater was not so effective (this is reflected by the slightly higher than normal concentrations of COD, as measured n composite samples of the effluent).

Sometime during the week of November 14-17, 1987, the air compressor of the oxidizer unit was not working properly (compressor was not achieving its normal discharge pressure) which resulted in a discharge of higher than normal COD concentrations to the wastewater treatment plant. This in turn contributed additional COD to the final effluent which may have affected the fish.

CORRECTIVE ACTION

- 1) On November 9, 1987, Pacific Refinery took the following actions:
- * Repaired the pH probe (this consisted of acid cleaning the electrodes and recalibration of the pH probe) and umplugged the caustic addition pump. The system was back redutematic control operation on this date.

Space

- * Called the Regional Board staff to inform them of the pH violation.
- * Stopped pumping to the bay for about 12 hours to mitigate any potential impacts to the bay.
- 2) On November 11, 1987, Pacific Refinery took the following actions:
- * Called the Regional Board staff to inform them of the 24-hour flow-through bloassay results (20% and 60% survival for stickleback and fathead minnow, respectively). This test was started on November 10, 1987.
- * Stopped pumping to the bay at about 11:30 am.
- * Supplemented the activated sludge system with more microorganisms.
- 3), On November 12th Pacific resume discharging to the bay at about 10 pm.
- 4) On November 13th Pacific began another flow through bicassay test (34% survival for stickleback and 0% survival for fathead minnow after 96 hours);
- 5) On November 17th Pacific began another flow-through bioassay test and obtained 30% survival for stickleback and 0% survival for fathead minnow after 24 hours). Stopped discharging to the bay at about 4:00 pm on November 18th.
- 6)On November 19th Pacific supplemented the activated sludge system with additional microrganisms. Resumed discharging to the bay late in the evening.
- 7) On November 20th Pacific began another flow-through bioassay test and obtained 84% survival for stickleback and 50% survival for fathead minnow.
- 8) On November 24th Pacific began another flow-through bioassay test and obtained 98% survival for stickleback and 90% survival for fathead minnow.
- 9) Pacific took an effluent composite sample on 11/13, 11/18, 11/20, 11/21, 11/22, & 11/23 for analysis of most of the parameters regulated under the NPDES permit. However, on November 14th & 15th, Pacific failed to perform the static bloassay test (IC-50 using at least 4 dilutions) as required in the permit when more than 50% of the test fishes died. (See Attachment B for test results).

7

It should be noted that Regional Board staff took samples of the effluent on November 20% 24th.

ENFORCEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

The California Water Code provides several enforcement remedies for discharges in violation of Board-adopted waste discharge requirements. The Regional Board could:

- 1) Issue a Cleanup and Abatement Order (CAO) or Cease and Desist Order (CDO) pursuant to Sections 13304 and 13301, respectively.
- 2) Impose administrative civil liability pursuant to Section 13350 (e) (1), and
- 3) Refer to the Attorney General to have a superior court impose civil liability pursuant to section 13350 (e) (2).

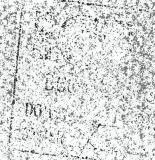
In addition, the Regional Board could take no action and monitor closely this discharger for the next few months; if these type of violations recur then one of the aforementioned enforcement actions should be taken.

Relative to #1 above, it appears that this type of enforcement action is not applicable because it appears that Pacific Refinery has already taken necessary corrective actions.

Relative to #3, I do not recommend this type of enforcement action because there is no question that a violation occurred, and the amount of staff time necessary to refer this violation to the Attorney General would not benefit this Regional Board.

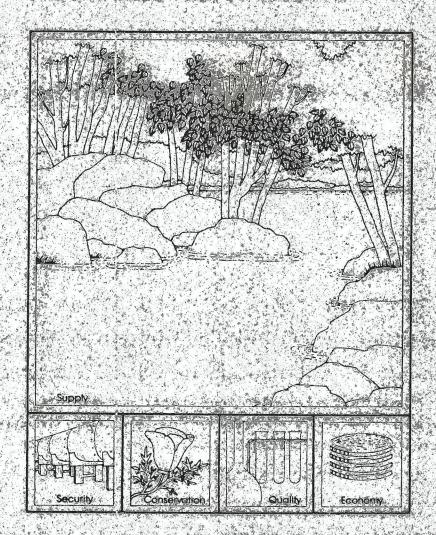
Relative to #2, I do recommend this type of enforcement action for this case because Pacific's violation of their NPDES permit probably caused an adverse environmental effect on the bay. In addition, I feel that these violations could have been easily prevented if Pacific Refinery had invested their time and money to train their operators on what appropriate actions to take when mechanical problems like the one on November 8th come up.

It should be noted that the Board has previously considered imposing administrative civil liability (ACL) for violations of effluent limits. This Board recently imposed an ACL for \$150,000 to USX for one pH violation of an 8-hour duration.



TIROE DUROE DIA

URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN



November 1985

East Bay Municipal Utility District.



Chapter IV Water Supply Availability and Deficiency

This chapter describes the relationship between EBMUD's water requirements and available supplies, and discusses the risk and magnitude of potential future deficiencies. In May 1985, EBMUD's Board of Directors adopted a policy providing for an annual review of the available supply and a follow-up report by April 15 on the adequacy of the supply for the near- and long-term.

WATER SUPPLY

EBMUD has a legal entitlement to 325 MGD from the Mokelumne River and an additional supply of up to 10 MGD from local runoff into the terminal reservoirs. EBMUD also has a contract with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) for American River water from the Folsom South Canal which was executed in 1970. However, currently there are no facilities for conveying the water to the EBMUD service area.

Figure IV-1 is a location map of EBMUD's major water supply facilities, these facilities include: 1) Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs on the Mokelumne River; 2) three Mokelumne aqueducts extending from Pardee Reservoir to Walnut Creek; and 3) five local terminal reservoirs used to provide an emergency standby supply, reregulate the Mokelumne supply, and capture local runoff. Figure IV-2 shows a schematic diagram of the District's water system. The total projected water supply available to the District in the year 2020 is shown in Table IV-1.

Mokelumne Supply

EBMUD holds two water rights (License 11109 and Permit 10478) which together entitle it to divert up to 325 MGD from the Mokelumne

Water Suppli	ies (M	GD)	Table IV-1
SOURCE	NORMAL PERIOD	DRY PERIOD 1928-35	CRITICAL PERIOD 1976-77
Mokelumne*	325	249	166
Terminal Reservoirs	10	0	0
USBR Contract	134	67 to 100	67

^{*2020} Conditions

River at the District's Pardee Reservoir and to put this water to use in portions of Alameda and Contra Costa Counties for municipal and industrial purposes. EBMUD also possesses other State licenses and permits related to hydropower development on the Mokelumne River and the appropriation of runoff at the terminal reservoirs in the District's service area.

EBMUD's entitlement to the Mokelumne River is available after the water needs of more senior right-holders have been met.

5552 Clayton Road Concord, CA 94521-4199 (415)672-4577

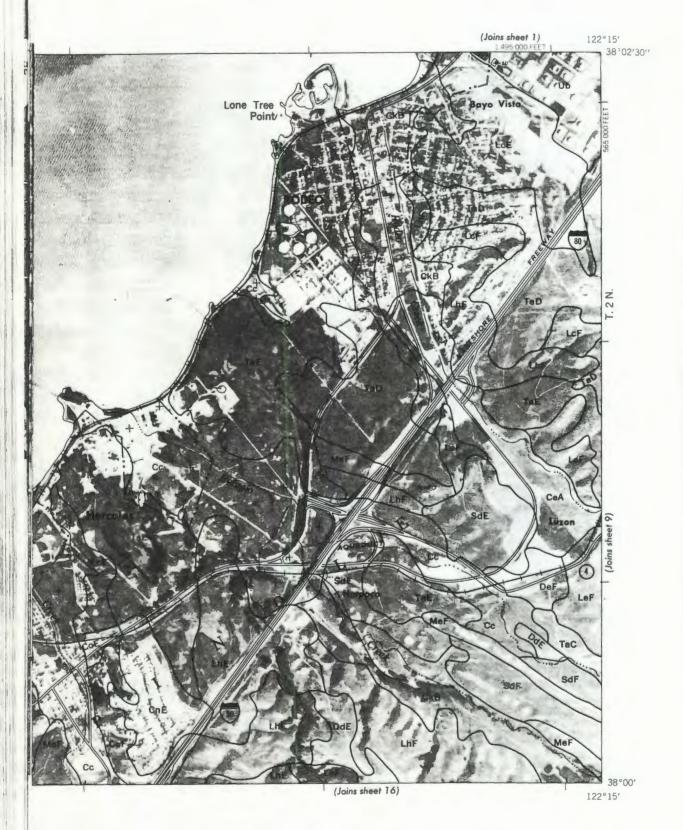


Contra Costa County, California



TECHNOLOGY "All SCS programs and services are offered on a nondiscrimina-tory basis, without regard to race, color, national origin, sex, age, religion, marital status or RWOCB handicap."

United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service In cooperation with **University of California Agricultural Experiment Station**



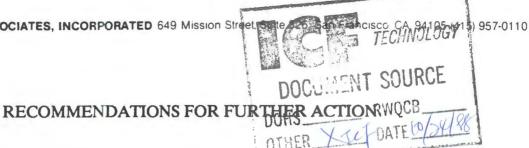
Orthophotobase compiled by the USGS in 1970. Plan metric detail from USGS 7.5% series man% Lambert Conformal Conic projection. 1927 North American datum 10,000-foot grid based upon California coordinate system. Zone 3.

2 Miles 10000 Feet

TABLE 6	.—Em	000
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		Degree and kind of	f limitations for—		Suitabille source
Soil series and map symbols	Local roads and streets	Septic tank filter fields	Dwellings without basement	Sanitary landfill (trench type)	Topes
Solano: Sh, Sk	Severe: high shrink-swell potential; low strength.	Severe: very slow permea- bility.	Severe: high shrink-swell potential.	Moderate: some- what poorly drained clay loam and silty clay loam sub- soil.	Poor: high changeable sodium.
Sorrento: Sm	Moderate: moderate shrinks swell potential; medium strength.	Severe: moderately slow permeability.	Moderate: moderate shrink- swell potential.	Moderate: silty clay loam.	Fair: silty clay loam.
Sn	Moderate: medium strength; low shrink-ewell potential below depth of 40 inches.	Slight if tile placed below depth of 40 inches.	Moderate: moderate shrink-swell potential.	Severe: silty clay loam over sand; rapid permeability below depth of 40 inches.	Fair: silty clay loam; sand below depth of 40 inches.
Sycamore: So	Severe: poorly drained.	Severe: water table at depth of 3½ to 5 feet; moderately slow permeability.	Moderate: moderate shrink-swell potential; medium strength.	Severe: water table at depth of 3½ to 5 feet.	Fair: silty clay loam.
Sp	Severe: poorly drained; high shrink-swell potential and low strength below depth of 40 inches.	Severe: water table at depth of 3½ to 5 feet; slow permeability below depth of 40 inches.	Severe: high shrink-swell potential and low strength below depth of 40 inches.	Severe: water table at depth of $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet; clay below depth of 40 inches.	Fair: silty clay loam over clay.
Tierra: TaC, TaD, TaE	Severe: high shrink-swell potential and low strength in subsoil; slope in TaE.	Severe: very slow permea- bility; slope in TaE.	Severe: high shrink-swell potential; slope in TaE.	Poor: clay subsoil.	Fair for TaC: loam and clay loam over clay Fair for TaD: loam and clay loam over clay slope. Poor for TaE: slope.





DATE:

June 4, 1987

PREPARED BY: Rick Dreessen, ICF Technology, Inc.

SITE:

Hercules Powder Company

Hercules Properties, Ltd. Industrial Site

560 Railroad Avenue Hercules, CA 94547 Contra Costa County

TDD #:

F9-8701-76

EPA ID #:

CAT080012297

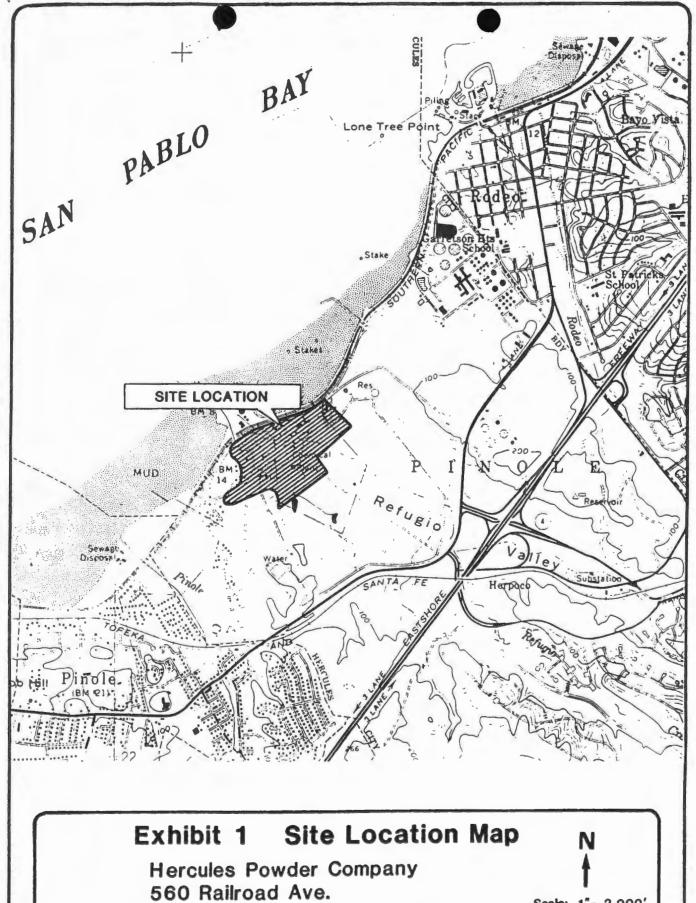
1. Initial FIT Conclusions and Recommendations for Further Action:

Site Description: a)

The Hercules Powder Company (HPC) site is located on San Pablo Bay at 560 Railroad Avenue, Hercules, California (Exhibit 1, Site Location Map). In 1881 California Powder Works (CPW) began operating an explosives-manufacturing facility on this 1300-acre site. E.I. Dupont de Nemours Powder Company (Dupont) took title to the property in 1906. Antitrust laws forced Dupont to dissolve its dynamite holdings in 1912 and HPC purchased the plant. HPC produced explosives on-site until 1965. An ammonia plant was added in 1940. HPC gradually expanded between 1959 to 1966 until its product line included methanol, formaldehyde, urea, ammonia, and ammonium nitrate.

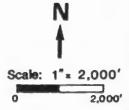
In 1968 the company name was changed to Hercules, Inc. (HI) since explosives were no longer produced. In 1976 the site was sold to Valley Nitrogen Producers (VNP), who modernized and expanded the plant for fertilizer production. In November 1979 the plant was shut down due to prolonged labor disputes and existing inventories sold (1). In 1980 Hercules Properties Inc. (HPI), a group of investors, bought 358 acres encompassing the 150-acre industrial complex and surrounding undeveloped acreage. Of the 358 acres, 50 were sold to D&S Investors in 1980 and the remainder to United Financial Operations (UFO) in 1981. UFO retained the 150-acre methanol complex and sold 158 acres to Bio-Rad Laboratories in 1982.

On October 1, 1980 the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) granted a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit



Hercules, California 94547

Mare Island Quad. 7.5" Series, 1980



"scores" of drums and bags of unknown materials in "various states of degradation" located in buildings 8252 and 2132, where the juveniles were found (12).

On June 12, 1985 CCCHS issued an Order of Compliance directing HPL to erect a 6 ft. fence, topped with barbed wire, around buildings 8252 and 2732. The fences were to have bilingual hazardous substances warning signs (13). HPL complied with this order June 14, 1985.

There has been no documented release of explosives on-site and as such no concern for potential of fire and/or explosion. Soil sampling conducted in 1986 by BCLA found no evidence of residual DNB, TNT, DNT, or nitroglycerine at the HPL Industrial Site.

Waste Type/Quantity:

On June 11, 1985, DOHS inspected buildings 8252 and 2132. TABLE II (Appendix A) lists materials found, state/form in which they were found, approximate quantities, and the hazardous properties. Building contents were not completely inventoried at this time (12).

On June 17, 1985, CCCHS issued an Order of Compliance requiring HPL to conduct a complete site inventory. This was completed in January 1986 and is summarized in TABLE III (Appendix A).

Metals found in soil samples (below TTLC limits) and ground-water samples (above TTLC limits) have the following Toxicity/Persistence Matrix Values: barium (18), cadmium (18), nickel (18), and selenium (15). Detailed information regarding these sampling efforts is given in the Observed Release Section.

Ground Water:

The HPL site is situated across the mouth of the Refugio Valley which is eroded into the Tertiary Rodeo shale, a "tight and impermeable" formation (16). Numerous borings into the Rodeo shale found the bedrock dry (depth not documented).

Ground water in the area is limited to a perched aquifer contained within 35 ft. of unconsolidated alluvium deposited on top of the Rodeo shale. WESCO reported ground-water depths for August, 1982 to be 5 ft below ground surface (17). The ground-water level is subject to seasonal variations due to the perched nature of the shallow aquifer and relatively small catchment area. Water quality analyses conducted by WESCO indicated that during seasons of low ground-water levels, the potentiometric gradient reverses, allowing salt water intrusion and rendering the ground water brackish and non-potable (17). Generally, though, ground-water flow follows the valley, southeast toward San Pablo Bay. RWQCB personnel have indicated ground water within three miles of the site is not used for domestic purposes due to the low aquifer yield of water bearing formations and the ground water's brackish nature (1).

There are no municipal wells in use within one mile of the site (18). Hercules municipal drinking water is supplied by the East Bay Municipal Utility District

(EBMUD). The extent of small water system and private well use is currently unknown. Net precipitation (November through April) is 5.5 inches (9).

Preliminary HRS evaluation indicates that the ground-water route score will not be high enough for inclusion on the National Priorities List (NPL) due to an apparent lack of target populations.

Surface Water:

The HPL Industrial Site is located on San Pablo Bay (See Exhibit 2, Facility Map). Refugio Creek, an intermittent creek, runs through the property.

According to RWQCB beneficial uses of San Pablo Bay are water contact and non-contact recreation, fish migration and spawning, estuarine habitat, wildlife habitat, preservation of rare and endangered species, commercial and sports fishing, navigation, and industrial service supply. There are no documented beneficial uses made of Refugio Creek.

As stated in the Ground-Water Section, Hercules municipal water is supplied by EBMUD. It is not known whether Refugio Creek, when flowing, is a drinking water source. The one year 24 hour rainfall for the Hercules area is approximately three inches (20).

There has not been a documented observed release via the surface water route. Sediment samples taken from Refugio Creek indicate higher levels of hydrocarbon contamination upstream of the Hercules site than downstream, indicating that the source of this contamination may be upstream of the HSL site (see Observed Release Section) (11). In addition, CERCLA excludes releases of petroleum and petroleum by-products from the definition of a "release". Therefore, these substances are not eligible for HRS scoring (21). For these reasons it is unlikely that the HRS surface water score will be high enough for inclusion on the NPL.

Other Factors/Other Agency Involvement:

DOHS, RWQCB, CCCHS, and the City of Hercules have been involved with HPL Industrial Site since discovery in May, 1980 by DOHS. Please refer to Appendix A, TABLE I, for chronology of enforcement, mitigation, and projected remedial efforts.

c. Conclusions and Recommendations:

In 1881 explosives manufacturing began at this site. E.I. DuPont de Nemours Powder Company took title to the property in 1906. In 1912, antitrust laws forced DuPont to dissolve its dynamite holdings, and the site was purchased by HPC. In 1976 HPC sold the property to VNP who, due to a prolonged labor dispute, closed the plant and sold the property in 1977. Since 1977 the site has been in the process of subdivision and redevelopment by several realty investor groups. At present the 150 acre Hercules Industrial Site is owned by HPC.

Soil on the HPL Industrial Site in Hercules, California, has been shown to be contaminated with numerous metals below DOHS TTLC's. Shallow ground water beneath the site has been found to contain these contaminants above DOHS TTLC's,

BAY AREA PLANT DATA P-201 AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRIC TECHNOLOGY PERMIT SERVICES DIVISION 939 Ellis Street, San Franc DOCUMENT SOURCE California 94109 (415) 771-6000 RWQCB. DOHS_ nt Identification No.* PACIFIC REFINING COMPANY Business Name (415) 799-8000 Other Business Name(s)(if any) Plant Telephone Number THE COASTAL CORPORATION Name of Parent Company (if any) P. O. BOX 68 OLD HIGHWAY 40. Plant Address Mailing Address 94547 CALIFORNIA HERCULES. CALIFORNIA 94547 HERCULES Zip Code Zip Code City State City State PLANT AREA (Acres) OWNERSHIP: 100 Private NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES Utility PRINCIPAL PRODUCT REFINED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS Local Government State Government Eederal Government Please submit a name and address to whom all correspondence can be sent.

VICE PRESIDENT STEPHEN D. RICKS Contact Name Title OLD HIGHWAY 40 Street Address 94547 HERCULES CALIFORNIA Zip Code City State

Plant Identification Numbers are assigned by the BAAQMD. Leave blank if number is not known.

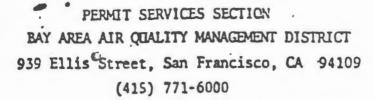
(415) 799-8000

Telephone Number

L. R. NATH: CHIEF ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER Name & Title of person preparing this form

FLUOR DANIEL

Ref. # 1



EMISSIONS SUMMARY P-202

COMPANY NA	ME	PACIFIC	REFINING	COMPANY	

PLANT NO. 32

PROJECT TITLE WASTEWATER TREATMENT UPGRADE PROJECT

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AERATION TANK	S2	0	0	0	0	0	24	7	52
CLARIFTER	S3	0	0	0	0	0	24	7	52
SLUDGE TANK	S4	0	0	0	0	0	24	7	52
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New	Construction (X) S2. S3 and S4	Demolition ()	Alteration ()	Tradeoff ()
S1.	S2. S3 and S4			W 89-46

Note: Give description of any trade-offs proposed. Note that BACT is required for any source (or facility) emitting over 15 lb/hr.

PREPARED BY L. R. NATH, FLUOR DANIEL	Phone	No.	(415) 595-6342	Date 12/10/8
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AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT 939 Ellis Street, San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 771-6000



If in addition to the general process described hereon this source burns fuel, then complete Form C also. Use specific forms if applicable: Form T (organic tankage, loading), Form S (surface coating, solvent use). Form G is not required for any source listed in BAAPCD Regulation 2, Section 1316, provided the source never emits more than 1.0 lb/hr of any contaminant.

Business Name: PACIFIC REFINING COMPANY SIC Number: 2911						
Name or Description: DISSOLVED AIR FLOTATION (DAF) Name or Description: DISSOLVED AIR FLOTATION (DAF) Nake, Model, and Rated Capacity of Equipment: 200 GALLONS PER MINUTE THROUGHPUT Process Code® (Column A): 5017	Business Name: PAC	ZIFIC REFINING COMPA	NY	Plant		na hlauli
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AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

DATA FORM 6 General Air Pollution Source

939 Ellis Street, San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 771-6000

If in addition to the general process described hereon this source burns fuel, then complete Form C also. Use specific forms if applicable: Form T (organic tankage, loading), Form S (surface coating, solvent use).

usiness Name: PACIFIC REFINING COMPA	ANY	Plar	nt No: 32	to blank)
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ame or Description: AERATION TANK		Sour	rce No.: \$ 2	
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AIR QUALIFY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT 939 Ellis Street, San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 771-6000

DATA FORM 6
General Air Pollution Source

12/10/86

Date:_

If in addition to the general process described hereon this source burns fuel, then complete Form C also. Use specific forms if applicable: Form T (organic tankage, loading), Form S (surface coating, solvent use). Form G is not required for any source listed in BAAPCD Regulation 2, Section 1316, provided the source never emits more than 1.0 lb/hr of any contaminant.

1	Business Name: PACIFIC REFINING COMPAN	Y	Plant	No: 32	
2	SIC Number: 2911 Date of Initial Operation	n: NEW		(If unknown, leave b	blank)
			Source	No.: \$ 3	
	Make, Model, and Rated Capacity of Equipment: 200 G				
5	Process Code® (Column A): 5017 Haterials Code®	(Column B): 300	Usage Un	it (Column C): G	ALLONS
6	Total throughput, last 12 months:Usage	Unita Hax	operating mate:	12,000	_Usage Units*/
7	Typical \$ of total throughput: Dec-Feb\$ Ma	r-Hay	Jun-Aug	Sep-Nov_	
8	Typical operating times: 24 hrs/day	7 days	s/week	52 veeks/ye	ear .
9	For batch or cyclic processes:min	\8\10\9\		min. between cycle	23
0	Exhaust gases from source: Wet gas flow rate_ (at max. operation)	-	cfs at	^Q P	
	(at max. operation) Approximate water	vapor content		vol \$	
EM:	ISSION FACTORS (at maximum operating rate)				4
	If this form is being submitted as part of an application is mandatory. If not, and the Source is already in open	n for an AUTHORITY	TO CONSTRUCT, eq	mpletion of the fol	lowing table
	estimate from those data the emissions attributable to j			emissions only,	
	estimate from those data the emissions attributable to j []Check box if factors apply to emissions after Abates	ust the general pro	ctors		18. s
1	The state of the s	ust the general propert Device(s). * EMISSION FA	ctors	Basis Code (see reverse)	
11	[]Check box if factors apply to emissions after Abates	ent bevice(s). * EMISSION FA 1bs/Usage	ctors	Basis Code	
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Person Completing this Form: L. R. NATH; FLUOR DANIEL



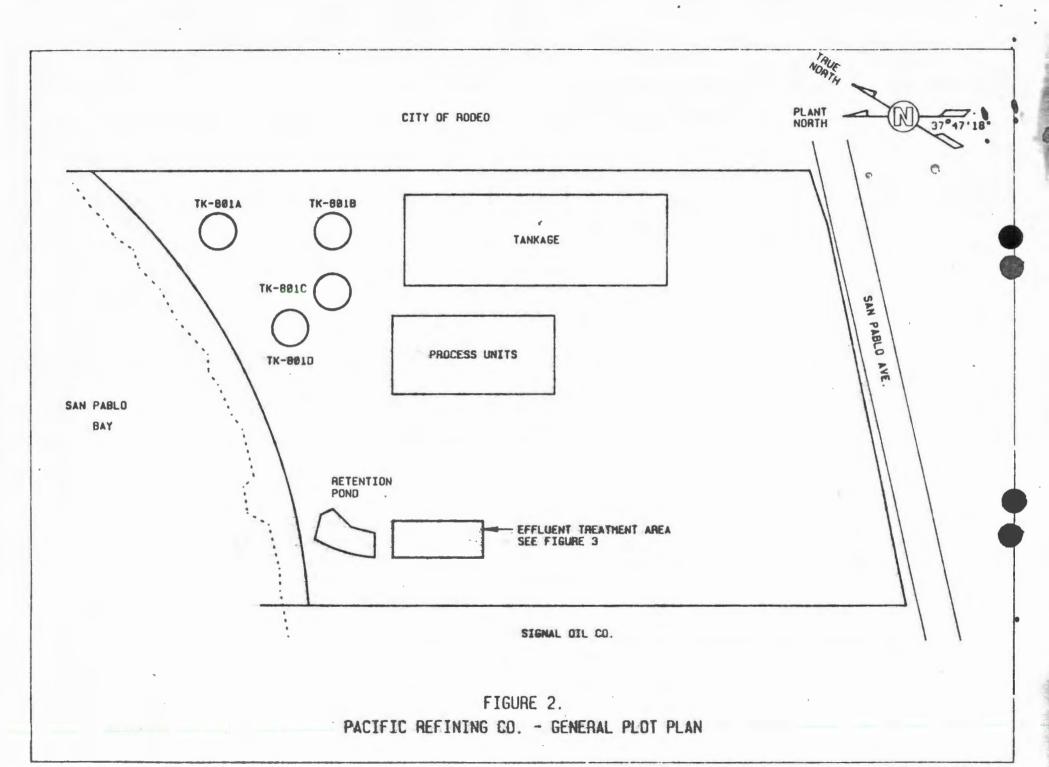
AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT 939 Ellis Street, San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 771-6000

6-8-77

DATA FORM 6 General Air Pollution Source

If in addition to the general process described hereon this source burns fuel, then complete Form C also. Use specific forms if applicable: Form T (organic tankage, loading), Form S (surface coating, solvent use). Form G is not required for any source listed in BAAPCD Regulation 2, Section 1316, provided the source never emits more than 1.0 lb/hr of any contaminant.

6.					
	FIC REFINING COMP	ANY			
SIC Number: 2911	Date of Initial Operation	. NEW		(If unknown, leave b	lank)
lame or Description: SLUD	OGE HOLDING TANK		Source No.	\$ 4	
	ity of Equipment: 5,000				
Process Code® (Column A): _5	Materials Code	(Column B): 300	-Usage Unit*	(Column C): GA	ALLONS
Total throughput, last 12 mon	onths:Usage [hits Max oper	ating rate:	30	Usage Uni
	t: Dec-Feb Mar				-
Typical operating times:	8 hrs/day	1days/wee	k	wooks/yes	ar
for batch or cyclic processe:	es:min/	'cycle	min	, between cycles	3
Exhaust gases from source: (at max. operation)	Wet gas flow rate_		cfm at	°r	
	Approximate water v	apor content		vol \$	
POYOU Piggano (•			
SSION FACTORS (at maximum ope	perating rate) Sted as part of an application	Con on AIPTMODITY TO C	ONSTRICT COMP.	tion of the fall	louing to
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DOCUMENT SOURCE

DOHS RWQCB X

OTHER DATE 10/19/88

April 23, 1985

Mr. Philip L. Bobel, Chief, RCRA Programs Branch OTHER
United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9...
215 Fremont Street

San Francisco, CA 94105

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RE: Sampling and Analysis Plan For Biological Treatment Surface Impoundment At Pacific Refining Company (EPA ID. #CAT000617407)

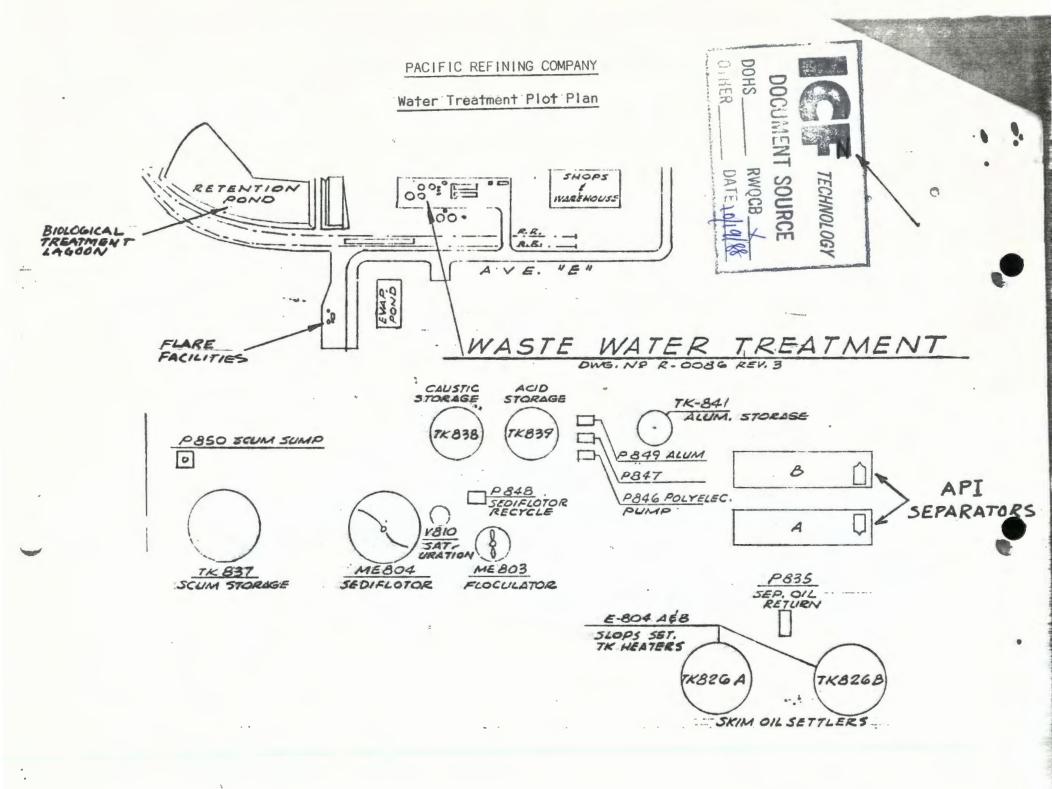
Dear Mr. Bobel:

This letter is a summary of Pacific Refining Company's proposed sampling/analysis plan to determine the characteristics of the bottoms deposits in its biological treatment lagoon. We feel these plans should satisfy the requirements outlined in your letter of March 7, 1985, defining the information required to determine whether regulation of this surface impoundment under RCRA is appropriate.

In brief, we propose to sample the bottom deposits at eight, locations distributed randomly around the pond, and analyze the samples for ph and total sulfide, and perform the EP toxicity test for the eight priority metals, (As., Ba., Cd., Cr., Pb., Hg., Se., and Ag.).

BACKGROUND

The impoundment in question, has a volume of approximately 1.5 million gallons (roughly 300' \times 100' \times 8' depth). It is the final biological treatment lagoon for refinery effluent water prior to discharge to San Pablo Bay. The pond contains eight mechanical aerator/mixers to keep the biological organisms in suspension, and to maintain an adequate oxygen concentration for biological metabolism. The waste water entering the lagoon undergoes primary API oil/water separation to remove floatable oil and solids, and secondary colloidal oil removal by a dissolved air floatation unit. The water entering the pond in question, typically contains fifteen to twenty PPM of soluble oil and grease. As it enters the pond, the raw effluent is quickly diluted with pond water by a 1200 GPM circulation pump, which picks up the influent with about five times Its volume of pond water, and distributes it to six locations around the lagoon near aerators. This system ensures that the pond contents are well mixed. The effluent from the pond is tested on a weakly basis in accordance with the refinery's NPDES permit. The pond ph is closely controled at about seven by automatic equipment to ensure a healthy environment for the desirable microorganisms.



Refineries on the Bay run afoul of regulations by dumping toxic waste

By Jane Kay

EXAMMER ENVIRONMENTAL WRITER

RODEO — Along San Pablo Bay in northern Contra Costa County, oil refineries are on the scenic route.

Clusters of tanks and stacks overlook the shallow, wind-torn waters between Point Richmond and the Carquinez Strait, along which gasoline, fuel oil and road tar have been manufactured since the late 1800s.

Drawn to the Bay because of the ease with which tankers come in and waste water goes out, the refineries operated for decades with no regulation of their chemical discharges.

Now a \$23.6 million enforcement action against Union Oil Co. has brought scrutiny to the kinds of chemical wastes being dumped into the Bay by six large oil companies.

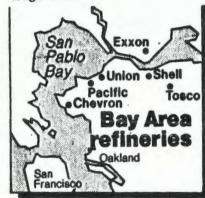
Millions of gallons of waste water contaminated with cancer-causing benzene, toxic metals and other

poisonous chemicals are flowing from the petroleum refinerles into the Bay, according to the officials at the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board.

State regulators complained to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency three months ago about the inadequacy of federal regulations controlling the refineries.

"Some limitations are outdated and allow for extremely lax control. They (the refineries) can have huge plant upsets and still meet limits," State officials got unexpected support last month when the EPA's national and regional staffs agreed to establish tougher limits on toxic discharges by refineries.

After reviewing chemical analyses of the poliutants coming out of the refineries, Judith Ayres, administrator of EPA Region 9 in San Francisco, wrote a letter seeking federal funds to develop the tougher standards.



Petroleum refineries as a group provide the largest industrial discharge to the Bay.

"Gasoline has a minimum of 200 different compounds. It's a soup," said Thomas Mumley, chemical engineer for the regional water board.

"Benzene is the octane booster in no-lead gasoline," he said. "The companies have long, long printouts of the chemicals in their waste streams. They're taking crude oil and trying to refine it down to something that will burn well in a think of as a basic organic hydrocarbon is in crude oil."

The six Bay Area refineries are

Unocal at Rodeo, Chevron USA at Richmond, Tosco Corp. and Shell Oil Co. at Martinez, Exxon Corp. at Benicia and Pacific Oil Co. at Hercules.

Other petrochemical pollutants in the Bay include pesticides from farms. Several of the most commonly used pesticides in the Delta contain petroleum hydrocarbons.

A pioneer study by Tiburon Laboratory scientists at the National Marine Fisherles Service correlated the presence of benzene, xylene and toluene with hardening of the ovaries in ready-to-spawn striped bass.

The researchers also found several toxic metals at higher levels in fish in the Bay-Delta estuary than in fish from the Hudson River.

The study was begun in 1978 in response to the state Department of Fish and Game's documentation of a long-term decline in the number of striped bass in the Bay.

Until last year, when the state ordered the six refineries to test for heavy metals and toxic organic chemicals, little was known about the types and concentrations of pollutants flushing into the Bay.

Although the EPA had required the refineries to monitor their discharges since 1974, it had exempted many chemicals from testing.

At the time, the EPA's rationale was that testing wasn't necessary because the microbes in the companies' on-site biological treatment plants would gobbie up the benzene, solvents and other toxic organic chemicals. The agency as-

sumed that heavy metals would be tied up in the remaining sludge, so the poliutants would not threaten the Bay.

But in the case of Unocal, storm runoff rushed through the refineries, sending millions of gallons a day of untreated petroleum wastes into the Bay.

The Unocal plant, the oldest refinery on the coast, is not typical of the other major oil companies. Even when there are no storms, much of its waste goes directly into the Bay without benefit of chemical-removing treatment, Michael D. Drennan of the regional water board said last week.

"To the best of my knowledge, the routine bypassing that occurs at Union is not typical of the other refineries in the Bay Area," Drennan said.

Unocal spokesman Barry Nelson said the company was not told by the state that all of its discharge had to be treated. "We weren't required to go through the bioplant with everything," he said.

According to records at the water-quality board, Unocal's plant by-passed its own treatment plant more than 2,300 days between 1977 and 1985.

The federal Clean Water Act says there shall be "no bypass of untreated waste water to waters" of the nation.

On March 5, the water-quality board voted to seek \$23.6 million in civil penalties from Unocal for violating its discharge permit and for not reporting violations.

The state attorney general's office is considering whether to petition for the civil penalties in superior court.

Further, the water-quality board had asked the attorney general's office to seek an injunction ordering Unocal to increase the capacity of its discharge treatment plant by 1988. That would back up the administrative order already issued by the water-quality board.

The Contra Costa County district attorney's office is investigating the possibility of criminal charges against Unocal for violating its discharge permit by falsifying or failing to report results of water monitoring.

Stephan Volker, a Sierra Club attorney, takes the position that Unocal could comply immediately by expanding its storage capacity temporarily until it improves the treatment system.

Unocal's Nelson said "a study is under way" to develop other ways of treating the waste. In the past, he said, the quality standards were met except "in odd cases."

But the state's position is that

even when companies don't violate their permits, they cause pollution problems, said Mumley, the water board engineer.

Despite the treatment of discharges, state-required testing by the six companies over the past year has turned up high levels of toxic lead, nickel, selenium, vanadium and zinc, Mumley said.

Exxon, a company that has had no permit violations and is "trying to do everything right," according to Mumley, still had fish kills from the treated effluent.

Some of the toxic chemicals found in Unocal's untreated discharge to the Bay were:

- Benzene, chloroform, trichloroethane, vinyi chloride and dichioroethylene, all known or suspected carcinogens.
- Phenolic compounds including phenol, or carbolic acid which are acutely and chronically toxic to fish and other aquatic animals.
- Chlorophenols formed by chlorinating, or disinfecting, phe-

nois — which produce an unpleasant taste in fish flesh.

 Sulfides, soluble salts that are toxic to aquatic life.

Oil and grease also were found in the discharged water.

The call for EPA funds comes as a \$13 million request from the Cali-

CADOO9108705 CADOO9114919 CADOOO072751 CADOO9164021 CADO63001770 CATOOO617407 fornia congressional delegation to study Bay pollution appears to be

The Bay is considered the major estuary in the United States "most modified by human activity," said a U.S. Geological Survey studi recently published in Science : agazine.

The problems of the Bay "appear less severe than those of other large urbanized estuaries," study said.

Yet toxic waste from agricultural and industrial activities have been detrimental to birds and marine life, the study said. The decrease of fresh water flowing to the Bay has reduced the ability of the estuary to assimilate wastes, it said.

State regulators told the EPA in December that they don't believe

the refineries are using the "best available" technology to clean up the chemicals in their discharges.

In urging the EPA to re-evaluate its stance on controls, state officials wrote, "We are concerned that a group of toxic pollutants that were detected in a significant number of refinery effluents, and at concentrations that may cause toxic effects, has not been addressed ade-

The oil companies don't like to hear it, but if biological treatment isn't cleaning up the contaminants, the companies may have to pay for more sophisticated, expensive treatment systems. One such system uses carbon particles to remove pollutants from the waste wa-

The largest oil company in the Bay Area, Chevron, has a waste stream of 13 million gallons a day. Its holding ponds alone occupy 220 acres.

The oil companies, along with the host of other Bay dischargers, are asking the regional water-quality board for proof that the contami-

nants are doing any harm.

Mumley said, "There's evidence that the Bay is stressed. We don't want to point our fingers at the refineries. But until we have an adequate data base, we can't assess their impact on the Bay.

The Sierra Club and Citizens for a Better Environment are credited with pressuring the state for the enforcement actions that have been taken by the state in the last two years.

On the heers of Citizens for a Environment's breakthrough survey called "Toxics in the Bay," the Sierra Club investigated the major industrial dischargers for permit violations. In June 1984, the Sierra Club filed "citizen en-forcement suits" against Unocal, Tosco and Shell Oil for failing to comply with federal law.

Shell Oil was forced to pay \$100,000 in penalties and agreed to limit the source of its violations.

A settlement among Tosco, the EPA, the state and the Sierra Club for \$500,000 in civil penalties is expected to become final next month.